

Racine, Wisconsin

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Including Independent Auditors' Report

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Common Council of City of Racine

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Racine (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2024 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Racine Water and Wastewater Utilities, both major enterprise funds of the City, which represent 86%, 81% and 67%, respectively of the assets, net position and revenues of the business-type activities. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Racine Water and Wastewater Utilities, both major enterprise funds of the City, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (GAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of Racine Water and Wastewater Utilities were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 100 and 101, both of which are effective January 1, 2024. Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

As discussed in Note 5 to the financial statements, net position as of December 31, 2023 has been restated to correct a material misstatement due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Baker Tilly Advisory Group, LP and Baker Tilly US, LLP, trading as Baker Tilly, are members of the global network of Baker Tilly International Ltd., the members of which are separate and independent legal entities. Baker Tilly US, LLP is a licensed CPA firm that provides assurance services to its clients. Baker Tilly Advisory Group, LP and its subsidiary entities provide tax and consulting services to their clients and are not licensed CPA firms.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 28, 2025 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin July 28, 2025

Baker Tilly US, LLP



Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

As management of the City of Racine, we offer readers of the City of Racine's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Racine for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Racine exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows
 of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$327,429,512 (net position).
- The City's total net position increased by \$35,318,000.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Racine's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$112,202,426, an increase of \$10,384,223, in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 21% of this amount, \$23,559,253, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$23,739,677 or 25% of total general fund expenditures.
- Total long-term obligations decreased by approximately \$37.8 million for the fiscal year ended December 31,
 2024. Long-term obligation activity during the year included the following:
 - \$16.5 million of general obligation bonds issued
 - \$ 11.8 million of revenue obligations were issued for Utility projects
 - Principal paid on general obligation outstanding debt was \$17 million
 - Principal paid on revenue obligations outstanding was \$5 million
 - WRS Pension liability decreased by approximately \$18 million
 - Net OPEB obligation decreased by approximately \$30 million
 - Increase in the Life Insurance liability and compensated absences contributed to the remaining reductions.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Racine's basic financial statements. The City of Racine's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Racine's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Racine's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Racine is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Government-wide Financial Statements (cont.)

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Racine that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Racine include general government, community development, health, education and recreation, public works, and public safety. The business-type activities of the City of Racine include the Water Utility, Wastewater Utility, Transit System, Storm Water Utility, Parking Utility, Golf Courses, Civic Centre, and Radio Repair.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Racine itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Business Improvement District and Redevelopment Authority for which the City of Racine is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented in the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18-20 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Racine, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Racine can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Governmental Funds (cont.)

The City of Racine maintains numerous governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General fund, ARPA Special Revenue fund, Debt Service Fund and Tax Incremental Districts, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Nonmajor governmental fund data is provided in the form of combining worksheets elsewhere in the report.

The City of Racine adopts an annual appropriated budget for various funds. Amendments are made during the year to the adopted budgets. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for all budgeted funds with both the adopted and amended budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-25 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Racine maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Racine uses enterprise funds to account for its Water, Wastewater, Storm Water and Parking Utilities as well as its Transit System, Civic Centre, Golf Courses, and Radio Repair Facility. The Water Utility, Wastewater Utility, Storm Water Utility and Transit System are all considered to be major funds of the City of Racine.

The City uses internal service funds to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. The City uses internal service funds to account for its Equipment Maintenance Garage, Information Systems, Building Complex, Telephone System, and Health Insurance. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26-32 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Racine's own programs. The City of Racine has one fiduciary fund. The fiduciary fund, the Tax collecting fund, records the tax roll and tax collections for other taxing jurisdictions within the City of Racine. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for governmental funds.

The basic fiduciary financial statements can be found on pages 33 and 34 of this report.

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 35-111 of this report.

Other Information

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental and proprietary funds is presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 117-144 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. December 31, 2024 and 2023 City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$327,429,512 and \$292,111,512 respectively.

The largest portion of the City's net position is its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City used these capital assets to provide services to citizens and therefore they are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources need to repay this debt must be provided from other resources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The City's net investment in capital assets was \$450,562,557 and \$440,405,508 at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

An additional portion of the City of Racine's net position represents restricted net position, or resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Restricted net position was \$71,469,332 and \$61,828,242 and unrestricted net position was \$(194,602,377) and \$(209,516,536) as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 respectively.

The City's governmental activities had a deficit unrestricted net position of \$(172,973,046) and \$(186,058,539) as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 respectively. The deficit is primarily the result of the City's OPEB obligation.

The City's total healthcare OPEB obligation was \$236,042,487 and \$266,012,778 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 respectively.

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Government-wide Financial Analysis (cont.)

Condensed financial information from the statements of net position is presented below for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. Amounts are expressed in thousands.

	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	Governmental	Governmental	Business-Type	Business-Type		
	Activities	Activities	Activities	Activities	Total	Total
Current and other assets	\$ 261,286	\$ 249,828	\$ 79,405	\$ 78,788	\$ 340,691	\$ 328,616
Capital assets	211,172	210,156	405,847	382,454	617,019	592,610
Total assets	472,458	459,984	485,252	461,242	957,710	921,226
Deferred outflows of						
resources	84,797	123,394	11,806	16,053	96,603	139,447
Current and other liabilities Liabilities payable from	37,671	41,117	11,595	6,996	49,266	48,113
restricted assets	-	-	7,346	7,646	7,346	7,646
Long-term liabilities	331,235	370,581	147,286	145,716	478,521	516,297
Total liabilities	368,906	411,698	166,227	160,358	535,133	572,056
Deferred inflows of						
resources	174,083	177,269	17,668	19,236	191,751	196,505
Net position: Net Investment in						
capital assets	128,143	125,562	326,133	317,535	450,563	440,143
Restricted	59,096	54,908	12,372	6,922	71,468	61,830
Unrestricted	(172,973)	(186,059)	(25,342)	(26,756)	(194,602)	(209,557)
Total net position	\$ 14,266	\$ (5,589)	\$ 313,163	\$ 297,701	\$ 327,429	\$ 292,416

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Government-wide Financial Analysis (cont.)

Condensed financial information from the statement of activities is presented below for the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. Amounts are expressed in thousands.

	2024 Governmental <u>Activities</u>	2023 Governmental <u>Activities</u>	2024 Business- Type <u>Activities</u>	2023 Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	2024 Total	2023 Total
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 23,310	\$ 22,458	\$ 52,033	\$ 49,146	\$ 75,343	\$ 71,604
Capital and Operating grants						
and contributions	19,435	22,751	19,968	23,842	39,403	46,593
Taxes	66,417	59,955	1,603	1,357	68,020	61,312
Unrestricted intergovernmental						
revenues	41,085	33,540	-	-	41,085	33,540
Investment Income & Other	8,863	7,828	2,146	1,155	11,009	8,983
Total revenues	159,110	146,532	75,750	75,500	234,860	222,032
Expenses						
General government	19,484	19,996	-	-	19,484	19,996
Community development	17,232	14,115	-	-	17,232	14,115
Health	5,267	4,431	-	-	5,267	4,431
Education and recreation	16,889	17,042	-	-	16,889	17,042
Public works	26,950	28,088	-	-	26,950	28,088
Public safety	52,683	54,899	-	-	52,683	54,899
Interest and fiscal charges	4,861	3,696	-	-	4,861	3,696
Water	-	-	18,792	18,075	18,792	18,075
Wastewater	-	-	13,630	14,068	13,630	14,068
Storm Water	-	-	6,492	6,500	6,492	6,500
Belle urban system	-	-	14,415	12,746	14,415	12,746
Other			2,848	506	2,848	506
Total expenses	143,366	142,267	56,177	51,895	199,543	194,162
Increase (decrease) in						
net position before transfers	15,744	4,265	19,573	23,605	35,317	27,870
Transfers	4,111	4,829	(4,111)	(4,829)		
Increase (decrease) in net position	19,855	9,094	15,462	18,776	35,317	27,870
Net position-beginning of year	(5,589)	(14,683)	297,701	278,925	292,112	264,242
Net position-end of year	\$ 14,266	\$ (5,589)	\$ 313,163	\$ 297,701	\$ 327,429	\$292,112

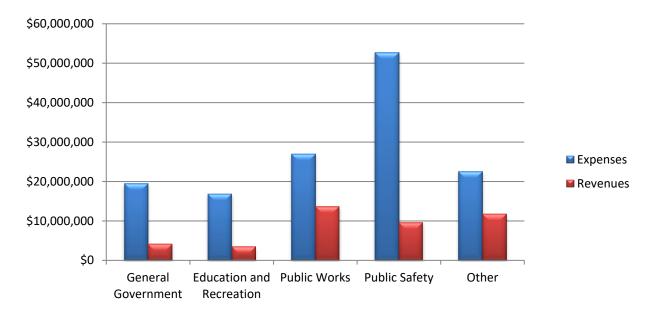
Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

The net position in the governmental activities increased by approximately \$19.86 million during the fiscal year, primarily relating to increase investment income and intergovernmental revenues.

Expenses and Program Revenues-Governmental Activities:

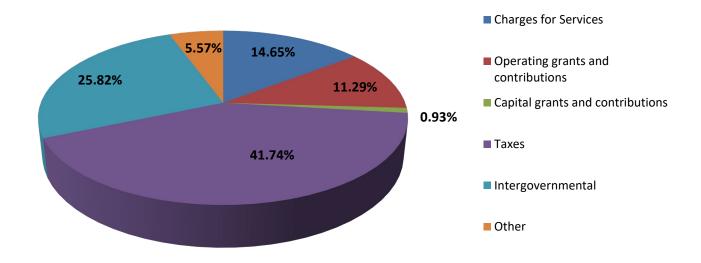


Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities (cont.)

Program and General Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities:



Business-type Activities

Business-type activities net position increased by \$15.5 million during the fiscal year 2024. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

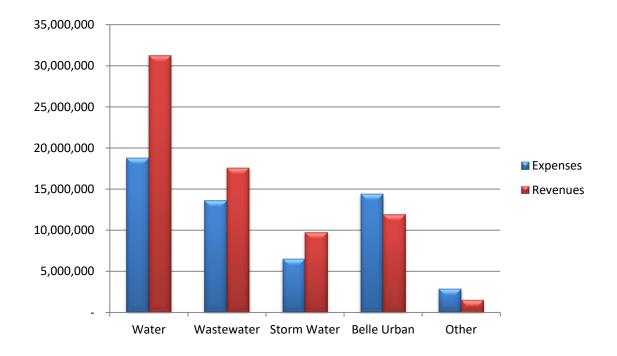
- The Water utility had an increase in net position of \$10 million. The increase in net position in the Water utility relates primarily to increases in capital contributions for water infrastructure. It also includes water revenues exceeding projections, and expenses lower than projections.
- The Wastewater utility had an increase in net position of \$4 million. The increase in net position in the Wastewater utility relates to an increase in wastewater revenues exceeding projections, and expenses lower than projections.
- Net position also increased in Storm Water and the Other Enterprise funds in 2024 and decreased in Transit.

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Business-type Activities (cont.)

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities:

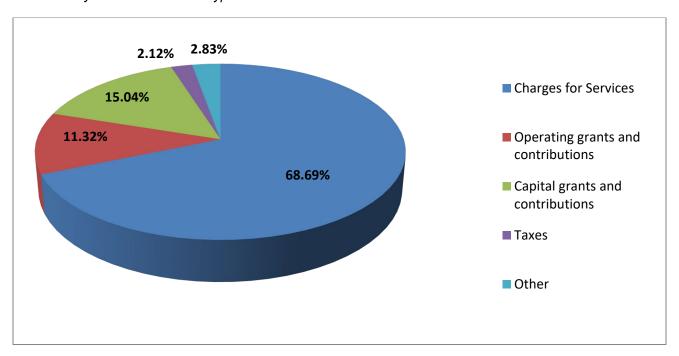


Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Business-Type Activities (cont.)

Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities:



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Racine uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds-The focus of the City of Racine's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Racine's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure a government's net resources available for spending at year end.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Racine's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$112,202,426. Approximately 21% of this amount, \$23,559,253, constitutes unassigned fund balance which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City of Racine. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$23,739,677, while total fund balance totaled \$48,148,397. Unassigned fund balance represents 25.00% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 54.6% of total general fund expenditures. The Common Council has resolved that any unassigned fund balance in excess of 25% of general fund expenditures be assigned for wage and benefit provision and budget stabilization. Assigned fund balance in the general fund was \$19,513,100 on December 31, 2024 of which \$4,747,935 was assigned for wage and benefit provision and \$14,765,165 was assigned for budget stabilization.

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds (cont.)

Although the general fund was budgeted to use \$6,017,090 of fund balances during 2024, the general fund increased fund balance by \$3,022,384. The \$9 million positive results in the general fund came primarily from revenues exceeding expectations by over \$5.8 million. Revenues in building permits, charges for services, and interest income all exceeded expectations. Expenditures were under budget by \$3.5M due primarily to grant programs covering salary costs in public safety, community development, and health.

The ARPA special revenue fund is another major governmental fund of the City of Racine. The fund accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the City's direct allocation from the U.S. Department of Treasury Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund. The ARPA fund had expenditures of \$2,770,321 on eligible projects as programmed by the City of Racine Common Council.

The Debt service fund is another major governmental fund of the City of Racine. The fund accounts for principal and interest payments made on the City's outstanding debt obligations. The debt service fund has a total fund balance of at December 31, 2024 and 2023 of \$764,557 and \$617,574, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service.

The Tax Incremental Districts is another major governmental fund of the City of Racine. The fund accounts for all activity within all of the open tax incremental districts in the City of Racine. The Tax Incremental District fund has a total fund balance of at December 31, 2024 and 2023 of \$3,855,053 and \$4,154,130, all of which is restricted for development within the districts. The decrease in fund balance in the Tax Incremental District fund is due to development incentives paid to developers for residential and commercial activity.

The other governmental funds are non-major funds of the City of Racine. These funds account for various activities within the City including grant programs, special assessment and economic development activities, library and cemetery activities, endowments, and all the capital project funds of the city. The other governmental funds have a total fund balance of \$59,434,419 and \$51,920,486 in 2024 and 2023 respectively. The fund balances of these funds increased by \$7,513,933. This increase is a result of unspent revenues in bond funds and intergovernmental funds in 2024.

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds (cont.)

Proprietary Funds – The City of Racine's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements.

Unrestricted net position for the Water utility at the end of 2024 and 2023 amounted to \$(1,450,477) and \$3,159,924, for the Wastewater utility \$(25,278,641) and \$(28,670,004), for the Storm water utility \$2,494,610 and \$(495,942), for the Belle urban system \$(318,543) and \$(409,403), and for the other enterprise funds \$(788,980) and \$(618,981). The total change in net position for the Water Utility for 2024 and 2023 was \$10,115,187 and \$13,022,786, the Wastewater Utility \$3,996,285 and \$3,948,680, the Storm water Utility \$3,263,643 and \$506,908, for the Belle urban system \$(1,089,034) and \$313,696, and for the Other Enterprise funds \$(823,938) and \$967,712 respectively. Factors concerning the financial results of these funds have been addressed in the discussion of the City of Racine's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – The City of Racine's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 amounted to \$450,562,557 and \$440,142,652 respectively, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. Infrastructure includes street, roads, bridges, sidewalks, drainage system, sewer lines, shoreline walls, and other infrastructure. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation totaled \$617,018,948 and \$592,610,632 respectively. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation increased approximately \$15 million in 2024 and approximately \$16 million in 2023, largely due to infrastructure additions in the Water Utility, Wastewater Utility and State Highway projects.

Long-term debt – At the end of 2024 and 2023, the City of Racine had total general obligation and revenue bond debt outstanding of \$178,891,445 and \$172,721,817. Of this amount, the debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government is \$99,972,835 and \$100,513,491 in 2024 and 2023 respectively. The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds). The City's total outstanding debt increased by approximately \$6.1 million in 2024.

	Outstanding debt						
	<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>				
Governmental Activities:							
General obligation bonds and notes	\$ 99,972,835	\$	100,513,491				
Business-Type Activities:							
Revenue bonds	 78,918,610		72,208,326				
Total	\$ 178,891,445	\$	172,721,817				

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Economic Conditions and 2024 and 2025 Budget Outlook

While grants funds have been made available to the City for expenses and lost revenue and government services, the City continues to struggle with revenue shortfalls in various areas and expense increases that continue to outpace increases in revenue sources.

Strong fiscal planning, and strong cash balances, allows the City to maintain services and has led to positive fiscal results, however, the City continues to struggle with inflationary pressures in all areas. The City has seen a return to almost full staffing levels in the last year which will positively impact resident services particularly in public safety.

The City has been allocated funds through the American Rescue Plan Act on March 11, 2021 to respond to the COVID-19 public health emergency and its negative economic impacts. The City of Racine's award is \$46,246,465, which will be used to combat the negative effects of the public health emergency in the local economy. The funds have been thoughtfully allocated through Common Council resolution to be used for various program including home ownership and neighborhood revitalization, budget stabilization, workforce opportunities, community resiliency and expansion of healthcare opportunities. Funds remaining on hand will be used for the revitalization of our Lincoln King Neighborhood, with the construction of a new community center and clinic and new residential housing units in that neighborhood. The funds are to cover costs incurred or encumbered by December 31, 2024 and will be expended through 2026.

The City of Racine's assessed value is on the rise. The assessed value rose again for the 2024 tax roll to the highest level recorded, \$4.8B, and is expected to increase another 9-11% for the 2025 tax roll. The City has seen significant private investment in our community over the last three years and is anticipating private investment continuing in the near future, although inflationary pressures and high interest rates, continue to negatively affect private development. Home values continue to be affordable compared to our neighbors, but home sales and home values are on the rise. The 2024 City tax rate was \$12.10 per thousand, a 2.89% decrease from the prior year and the lowest rate in over 15 years. The City continues to focus on reducing the tax rate to be more comparable to our surrounding communities. The City will continue our focus on neighborhood revitalization and stabilization in 2025 and 2026, with significant funding allocated for this purpose.

The City continues to focus on economic development and job creation and looks forward to positive impacts from the large developments that are occurring in our City and County, however job creation anticipated in 2018-2019 has not materialized.

The City continues to carry a strong unassigned fund balance in the general fund and has developed internal policies to ensure that the balance remains above 20% of general fund expenditures. In addition, the City has implemented various planning tools and procedures to minimize tax rate fluctuations in future years, including 10 year planning capital budgets.

The City has instituted a conservative approach to the use of fund balance to support the budget each year. Savings from prior year's budgets are assigned to a budget stabilization fund to be used strategically over the next several years. The City saw significant savings in both the general fund and health care fund as result of the pandemic in both 2020 and 2021. Those savings have been assigned to budget stabilization and a portion was used to stabilize the 2025 budget. The City used slightly over \$4 million of general fund, debt service fund, internal service and other operational fund balances to fund operations in the 2025 budget, however, the City has over \$14.8 million of fund balance set aside for future years budget stabilization. Based on current 2025 results, we anticipate using far less than the \$4 million of fund balance assigned to the 2025 budget. While the City continues to struggle with a structural deficit resulting from State levy limits that prevent us from covering even basic cost increases, difficult decisions were made during both the 2022 and 2021 budget to mitigate legacy costs in the future and we are beginning to see the positive results from those decisions. Near term budgets will continue to be difficult, but long-term planning and continued fiscal responsibility will assist future years budgeting.

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Racine's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. The financial report can be found at www.cityofracine.org. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Racine Finance Department, 730 Washington Avenue, Racine, WI 53403.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2024

	P	rimary Governme	ent	Component Units				
	·	-		Business	Community			
		Business-Type	Tatal	Improvement	Development			
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	District	Authority			
Cash and investments	\$ 137,999,066	\$ 28,925,547	\$ 166,924,613	\$ 132,051	\$ 750,315			
Receivables, net of allowance								
for uncollectible accounts	107,459,562	9,773,832	117,233,394	301,938	2,384			
Internal balances	1,582,851	(1,582,851)		-	-			
Due from other governments Inventories	6,328,878 1,199,396	7,006,607 1,127,483	13,335,485 2,326,879	-	-			
Prepaid items	1,082,025	1,127,403	1,082,025		-			
Advances to component unit Restricted assets	2,286,585	-	2,286,585	-	-			
Cash and investments		19,459,936	19,459,936	-	-			
Plant capacity receivable, current portion	-	1,046,086	1,046,086	-	-			
Plant capacity receivable, long term		9,669,417	9,669,417	-	-			
Deposit in CVMIC	2,962,500	-	2,962,500	-	E 070 40E			
Assets held for resale Other assets-lease receivable	385,000	3,058,652	385,000	-	5,873,185			
Notes receivable	-	921,911	3,058,652 921,911	-	_			
Capital assets		321,311	321,311					
Land	25,256,315	5,446,810	30,703,125	-	_			
Construction in progress	24,263,204	33,562,030	57,825,234	-	-			
depreciation/amortization	161,652,825	366,837,764	528,490,589	14,539				
Total Assets	472,458,207	485,253,224	957,711,431	448,528	6,625,884			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amounts relating to pension	59,496,136	6,593,209	66,089,345	-	-			
Deferred amounts relating to health OPEB	23,758,508	4,694,814	28,453,322	-	-			
Deferred amounts relating to life insurance OPEB	1,186,878	298,218	1,485,096	-	-			
Unamortized loss on refunding	355,808	219,739	575,547					
	84,797,330	11,805,980	96,603,310					
LIABILITIES	0.040.040	7 400 000	45.070.000	F 000	44.040			
Accounts payable Accrued compensation and	8,248,318	7,130,690	15,379,008	5,986	41,610			
other current liabilities	5,897,395	940,382	6,837,777	_	2,800			
Due to other governments	150,986	3,524,893	3,675,879		2,000			
Accrued interest payable	438,396	0,024,000	438,396	_	-			
Deferred revenue	22,935,621	-	22,935,621	-	-			
Liabilities payable from restricted assets								
Accrued interest payable	-	618,112	618,112	-	-			
Unearned capacity revenue	-	1,551,057	1,551,057	-	-			
Current portion of long term debt	-	4,981,210	4,981,210	-	-			
Noncurrent liabilities								
Total health OPEB liability	209,728,413	26,314,074	236,042,487	-	-			
Total pension liability Net life insurance liability	6,633,901 3,499,234	707,116 738,682	7,341,017 4,237,916	-	-			
Unearned capacity revenue	5,499,234	40,725,909	40,725,909		-			
Due within one year	19,404,796	56,327	19,461,123	-	-			
Due in more than one year	91,968,707	78,939,556	170,908,263	-	2,286,585			
Total Liabilities	368,905,767	166,228,008	535,133,775	5,986	2,330,995			
		<u></u>		<u></u>				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amounts relating to pension	35,255,995	4,000,765	39,256,760	-	-			
Deferred amounts relating to leases		2,897,686	2,897,686	-	-			
Deferred amounts relating to health OPEB	61,161,330	8,172,606	69,333,936	-	-			
Deferred amounts relating to life insurance OPEB Rate Stabilization Fund	1,856,157	388,911 500,000	2,245,068 500,000	-	-			
Unearned revenue	75,809,794	1,708,210	77,518,004	301,938	-			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	174,083,276	17,668,178	191,751,454	301,938				
NET POSITION								
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	128,142,774	226 422 402	450,562,557	44 500				
Restricted for	120,142,774	326,132,483	450,502,557	14,539	-			
Debt service	326,161	_	326,161	_	_			
Permanent funds	2,285,017	-	2,285,017	-	-			
Library	831,323	-	831,323	-	-			
HUD Loan Programs	6,750,182	_	6,750,182	-	_			
Tax increment districts	19,507,161	_	19,507,161	-	_			
Intergovernmental revenue sharing	20,922,401	-	20,922,401	-	-			
Federal and State grant programs	3,019,610	-	3,019,610	-	-			
Trusts	1,917,454	_	1,917,454	-	-			
Special assessment program	2,030,672	-	2,030,672	-	-			
Health, public safety, and parks programs	1,506,785		1,506,785	-	-			
Water	-	7,787,334	7,787,334	-	-			
Wastewater	-	4,585,232	4,585,232	-	-			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(172,973,046)	(25,342,031)	(194,602,377)	126,065	4,294,889			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Program Revenues						Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position									
									Prim	nary	Government				Compon	ent L	Jnits
			Operating		Operating	perating Capital								Business		Co	ommunity
		(Charges for	(Grants and	(Grants and		Governmental	В	usiness-Type			lm	orovement	Dev	velopment
	Expenses		Services	С	ontributions	С	ontributions		Activities		Activities		Totals		District	A	Authority
Functions/Programs															_		
Primary Government																	
Governmental activities																	
General government	\$ 19,484,309	\$	1,412,187	\$	2,778,941	\$	-	\$	(15,293,181)	\$	-	\$	(15,293,181)	\$	-	\$	-
Community development	17,232,356		2,450,725		6,007,774		279,835		(8,494,022)		-		(8,494,022)		-		-
Health	5,266,567		341,198		2,670,509		-		(2,254,860)		-		(2,254,860)		-		-
Education and recreation	16,889,328		1,019,850		2,448,886		-		(13,420,592)		-		(13,420,592)		-		-
Public works	26,949,755		11,198,222		1,319,575		1,192,608		(13,239,350)		-		(13,239,350)		-		-
Public safety	52,682,603		6,887,367		2,737,056		-		(43,058,180)		-		(43,058,180)		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	 4,861,472						<u>-</u>		(4,861,472)				(4,861,472)		<u> </u>		-
Total Governmental Activities	 143,366,390	_	23,309,549	_	17,962,741	_	1,472,443		(100,621,657)	_	_	_	(100,621,657)	_			
Business type activities																	
Water	18,791,667		24,926,629		-		6,306,066		-		12,441,028		12,441,028		-		-
Wastewater	13,630,278		14,831,268		-		2,746,780		-		3,947,770		3,947,770		-		-
Storm Water	6,492,112		9,755,755		-		-		-		3,263,643		3,263,643		-		-
Belle Urban Transit	14,415,311		1,026,311		8,573,176		2,341,867		-		(2,473,957)		(2,473,957)		-		-
Other	2,847,434		1,493,421		-		-		-		(1,354,013)		(1,354,013)		-		-
Total Business Type Activities	 56,176,802		52,033,384	_	8,573,176		11,394,713	_			15,824,471		15,824,471	_			
Total Primary Government	\$ 199,543,192	\$	75,342,933	\$	26,535,917	\$	12,867,156		(100,621,657)		15,824,471		(84,797,186)		_		-

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

			Program Revenues					Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Primary Government Component U									
									Prir	nary Governme	nt		Component Units				
				(Operating		Capital						- 1	Business	С	ommunity	
			Charges for	G	rants and	G	rants and		Governmental	Business-Typ	е		lm	provement	De	evelopment	
		Expenses	Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Activities	Activities		Totals		District		Authority	
Component Units																	
Business Improvement District	\$	250,513	\$ -	. \$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	- 9	-	\$	(250,513)	\$	_	
Community Development Authority	*	2,006,459		. *	731,093	*	304,907	•	_	*	- '	_	•	(===,=,=,=,=,	•	(970,459)	
,,	\$	2,256,972	\$	\$	731,093	\$	304,907			-		_		(250,513)		(970,459)	
	Ψ	2,200,012	<u> </u>	Ψ	701,000	Ψ	004,007			-			_	(200,010)		(070,400)	
	General Revenues Taxes Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes levied, for debt service Property taxes, levied for TIF Other taxes Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to specific programs Investment income Other Transfers							37,079,002 19,475,474 8,663,159 1,200,107 41,085,473 6,797,607 2,065,764 4,110,928	1,603,2° 1,616,38 529,00 (4,110,92	- - - 89 11	38,682,212 19,475,474 8,663,159 1,200,107 41,085,473 8,413,996 2,594,765		267,000 - 3,774 11,365		- - - - 63,353 215,914		
	-	Total General Rev	enues and Trans	fers					120,477,514	(362,32	(8)	120,115,186		282,139		279,267	
Change in net position NET POSITION - Beginning of Year (As restated)						19,855,857 (5,589,363)	15,462,14 297,700,87		35,318,000 292,111,512		31,626 108,978		(691,192) 4,986,081				
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR					\$	14,266,494	\$ 313,163,01	8 9	327,429,512	\$	140,604	\$	4,294,889				

Governmental Funds

BALANCE SHEET As of December 31, 2024

		General Fund	Spi	ecial Revenue Fund ARPA	Debt Service	Capital Project Fund Tax Incremental Districts	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
ASSETS								
Cash and investments Receivables (net) Taxes	\$	35,427,358 39,455,034	\$	23,048,204	\$ 764,557 20,512,890	\$ 18,146,920 11,822,508	\$ 46,849,865 8,040,843	\$ 124,236,904 79,831,275
Special assessments		39,435,034		-	20,512,690	11,022,300	0,040,043	19,031,213
and special charges - tax roll		_		_	_	_	454.956	454.956
Special assessments		-		-	-	-	2,030,672	2,030,672
Loans and notes		-		-	-	15,652,108	5,794,791	21,446,899
Accrued interest		234,977		-	-	-	245,922	480,899
Accounts		2,412,655				54,167	317,012	2,783,834
Total Receivables - Net		42,102,666		-	20,512,890	27,528,783	16,884,196	107,028,535
Due from other funds		11,695,689		_	_	_	374,876	12,070,565
Due from other governments		-		-	-	200,000	6,128,878	6,328,878
Inventories		675,402		-	-	-	-	675,402
Prepaid items		619,349		-	-	14,000	448,676	1,082,025
Deposit in CVMIC		2,962,500		-	-	-	-	2,962,500
Assets held for resale		-		-	-	385,000		385,000
Advances to component unit		-		-	-	1,805,753	480,832 15,432,378	2,286,585
Advances to other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	93,482,964	\$	23,048,204	\$ 21,277,447	\$ 48,080,456	\$ 86,599,701	15,432,378 \$ 272,488,772
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	2,195,836	\$	112,583	\$ -	\$ 1,279,856	\$ 3,855,377	\$ 7,443,652
Accrued liabilities		2,412,252		-	-	38,553	545,707	2,996,512
Due to other funds		4,930,263		-	-	-	5,555,827	10,486,090
Due to other governments		54,347		-	-	-	96,639	150,986
Unearned revenues Insurance claims payable		1,553,742		22,935,621	-	-	-	22,935,621 1,553,742
Advances from other funds		1,555,742		-	-	15,432,378	-	15,432,378
Total Liabilities	_	11,146,440	_	23,048,204		16,750,787	10,053,550	60,998,981
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue		-		-	-	15,652,108	7,825,463	23,477,571
Unearned interest/revenue		-		-	-	-	790,470	790,470
Unearned property tax revenue		34,188,127			20,512,890	11,822,508	8,495,799	75,019,324
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	34,188,127	_		20,512,890	27,474,616	17,111,732	99,287,365
Fund Balances (Deficits)								
Nonspendable		4,895,620		-	-	14,000	448,676	5,358,296
Restricted Committed		-		-	764,557	3,841,053	31,437,981 28,156,815	36,043,591 28,156,815
Assigned		19,513,100		-	-	-	20,047	19,533,147
Unassigned (deficit)		23,739,677		-	-	-	(629,100)	
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		48,148,397		-	764,557	3,855,053	59,434,419	112,202,426
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED								
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	93,482,964	\$	23,048,204	\$ 21,277,447	\$ 48,080,456	\$ 86,599,701	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are diffe Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore Internal service fund net position. Pension Liability, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources OPEB Health Liability, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources		I in funds. (See	Note	II)				208,815,225 15,100,615 16,907,680 (247,131,235)

Life Insurance Liability, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Other long-term assets that are not currently available are reported as unearned revenues in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements. (See Note II)

Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds. (See Note II)

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

(4,035,804) 23,477,571

(111,069,984) 14,266,494

Governmental Funds

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund ARPA	Debt Service Fund	Capital Project Fund Tax Increment Districts	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 34,680,503	\$ -	\$ 19,475,474	\$ 8,663,159		
Special charges and assessments	-	-	-	-	718,742	718,742
Intergovernmental	39,256,028	2,770,321	-	520,492	17,560,135	60,106,976
Licenses and permits	2,847,010	-	-	-	208,902	3,055,912
Fines and forfeitures	1,453,755	-	-	-	465,796	1,919,551
Public charges for services	3,935,736	-	-	-	13,594,855	17,530,591
Miscellaneous	4,550,969			1,363,045	3,363,062	9,277,076
Total Revenues	86,724,001	2,770,321	19,475,474	10,546,696	39,510,099	159,026,591
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	14,588,871	1,791,074	-	-	61,585	16,441,530
Health	3,241,694	-	-	-	2,515,162	5,756,856
Public safety	48,416,732	_	-	-	7,778,293	56,195,025
Public works	11,219,895	_	-	-	5,767,743	16,987,638
Education and recreation	7,790,596	-	-	-	5,442,532	13,233,128
Community Development	2,830,699	979,247	-	8,774,553	3,869,775	16,454,274
Capital Outlay Debt Service	-	-	-	67,925	20,586,716	20,654,641
Principal	_	_	16,620,000	445,656	-	17,065,656
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	3,428,416	837,714	1,100,054	5,366,184
Total Expenditures	88,088,487	2,770,321	20,048,416	10,125,848	47,121,860	168,154,932
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(1,364,486	·	(572,942)	420,848	(7,611,761)	(9,128,341)

Governmental Funds

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund ARPA	Debt Service Fund	Capital Project Fund Tax Increment Districts	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Long-term debt issued	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,525,000	\$ 16,525,000
Premium on long-term debt issued	-	-	-	-	685,846	685,846
Transfers in	4,577,348	-	719,925	-	2,903,618	8,200,891
Transfers out	(190,478)) <u> </u>	<u> </u>	(719,925)	(4,988,770)	(5,899,173)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,386,870		719,925	(719,925)	15,125,694	19,512,564
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,022,384	-	146,983	(299,077)	7,513,933	10,384,223
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year	45,126,013		617,574	4,154,130	51,920,486	101,818,203
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 48,148,397	\$ -	\$ 764,557	\$ 3,855,053	\$ 59,434,419	\$ 112,202,426

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 10,384,223
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the	
statement of net position, the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the statement of activities.	
Capital outlay is reported in the fund financial statements	00.054.044
but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements	20,654,641
Some items reported as capital outlay are not capitalized	(5,398,485)
Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements	(13,760,017)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds,	
but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net	
position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental	
funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Debt issued	(16,525,000)
Principal repaid	17,065,656
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of	
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures	
in the governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	(4,470,788)
Unamortized discounts/premiums (see Note II. B.)	(173,209)
Pension liability and related deferred outflows/inflows Other postemployment benefits and related deferred outflows/inflows	1,907,977 10,032,688
Writeoff of loans	57,676
Accrued interest on debt	(7,925)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge self insurance costs to individual funds. The decrease in net position of the internal service fund	
reported with the governmental activities.	(234,588)
	(- ,,
Revenues in the governmental funds that are not reported as revenues	
in the statement of activities (See Note II. B.)	84,728
Expenditures in the governmental funds that are not reported	
as expenses in the statement of activities	238,280
,	
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 19,855,857

General Fund

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Budgeted	l An	nounts			
		Original		Final		Va	riance with
		Budget		Budget	 Actual	_Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	34,660,340	\$	34,660,340	\$ 34,680,503	\$	20,163
Intergovernmental		38,842,795		38,842,795	39,256,028		413,233
Licenses and permits		1,915,750		1,915,750	2,847,010		931,260
Fines and forfeitures		922,000		922,000	1,453,755		531,755
Charges for services		3,846,000		3,846,000	3,935,736		89,736
Other		712,279		712,279	 4,550,969		3,838,690
Total Revenues		80,899,164		80,899,164	 86,724,001		5,824,837
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government		14,595,834		14,648,888	14,588,871		60,017
Health		3,594,248		3,644,248	3,241,694		402,554
Public safety		48,842,464		48,933,134	48,416,732		516,402
Public works		12,547,566		12,677,290	11,219,895		1,457,395
Education and recreation		8,174,807		8,174,807	7,790,596		384,211
Community Development		3,306,749		3,503,063	 2,830,699		672,364
Total Expenditures	_	91,061,668		91,581,430	 88,088,487		3,492,943
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	_	(10,162,504)	_	(10,682,266)	 (1,364,486)		9,317,780
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		4,865,176		4,865,176	4,577,348		(287,828)
Transfers out		(200,000)		(200,000)	(190,478)		9,522
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	4,665,176		4,665,176	 4,386,870		(278,306)
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	(5,497,328)	<u>\$</u>	(6,017,090)	3,022,384	\$	9,039,474
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year					 45,126,013		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$ 48,148,397		

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF NET POSTION As of December 31, 2024

				Business-Type Enterprise				Governmental Activities-
		Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Storm Water Utility	Belle Urban Transit	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	13,342,795	\$ 10,649,785	\$ 4,483,840	\$ 200	\$ 448,927	\$ 28,925,547	\$ 13,762,162
Receivables								
Accounts		5,195,562	2,003,934	-	295,864	24,349	7,519,709	431,027
Taxes		392,884	10,054	-	1,400,000	308,210	2,111,148	-
Leases-current		142,975	=	-	=	=	142,975	-
Notes receivable-current		-	536,174	-	=	=	536,174	-
Due from other governments		1,259,498	1,594,231	-	4,152,878	=	7,006,607	=
Due from other funds		3,863,271	2,792,756	2,309,298	=	=	8,965,325	9,503
Inventories		485,293	125,286	-	516,904	-	1,127,483	523,994
Prepaid items								
Total Current Assets		24,682,278	17,712,220	6,793,138	6,365,846	781,486	56,334,968	14,726,686
Noncurrent Assets								
Restricted Assets								
Cash and investments		14,783,340	4,676,596	-	=	=	19,459,936	-
Plant capacity, current portion		-	1,046,086	-	-	-	1,046,086	-
Plant capacity, long term		-	9,669,417	-	=	=	9,669,417	-
Capital assets								
Land		1,843,341	461,855	-	539,434	2,602,180	5,446,810	32,879
Construction in progress		12,894,870	17,597,665	1,628,564	1,440,931	-	33,562,030	•
Intangible assets		-	=	-	=	=	=	3,793,875
Land and building improvements		294,935,678	137,209,295	72,948,411	8,930,762	31,193,142	545,217,288	1,954,301
Equipment, furniture and vehicles		41,791,768	48,727,880	2,954,071	25,607,322	1,192,831	120,273,872	3,990,725
Less: Accumulated depreciation/amortization		(97,545,049)	(109,068,362)	(46,432,148)	(22,009,518)	(23,598,319)	(298,653,396)	(7,414,66
Other assets								
Leases receivable-long term		3,058,652	-	-	-	-	3,058,652	
Notes receivable-long term		-	385,737	-	=	=	385,737	
Unamortized debt issuance expenses								
Total Noncurrent Assets		271,762,600	110,706,169	31,098,898	14,508,931	11,389,834	439,466,432	2,357,119
Total Assets		296,444,878	128,418,389	37,892,036	20,874,777	12,171,320	495,801,400	17,083,805
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amounts relating to pension		3,083,252	2,138,071	877,834	445.768	48,284	6,593,209	2,235,922
Deferred amounts relating to Pension Deferred amounts relating to OPEB		2,448,702	1,221,231	857,597	118,061	49,223	4,694,814	2,200,922
Deferred amounts relating to OFEB Deferred amounts relating to life insurance		140,905	143,032	9,903	1,458	2,920	298,218	43,351
Unamortized loss on refunding		219,739	143,032	9,903	1,400	2,920	219,739	43,331
Granionized 1055 on returning	_		2 502 224	4 745 004		400 407		0.070.070
		5,892,598	3,502,334	1,745,334	565,287	100,427	11,805,980	2,279,273

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF NET POSTION As of December 31, 2024

					Business-Typ Enterpris							Governmer Activities	
		Water Utility		astewater Utility	Storm Water Utility		Belle Urban Transit		Other Enterprise Funds	Total		Internal Service Fur	
LIABILITIES													
Current Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$	3,439,779	\$	2,206,854			1,255,687	\$	69,581	\$	7,130,690	\$ 804,6	366
Accrued liabilities		193,400		127,936	43,212		562,515		13,319		940,382	1,347,1	141
Due to other governments		3,524,893		-	-		-		-		3,524,893		-
Compensated absences		-		-	-		46,154		-		46,154		-
Other Postemployment benefits		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		6,464,414		1,285,948	-		2,518,737		279,077		10,548,176	11,1	127
Leases payable-current portion		-		10,173	-		-		-		10,173		-
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		-		-	=		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest		526,748		91,364	-		-		-		618,112		-
Unearned capacity revenue, current portion				1,551,057	=		-		=		1,551,057		-
Current portion of long term debt		3,262,267		1,718,943	-	_	-	_	-		4,981,210		-
Total Current Liabilities		17,411,501		6,992,275	202,001	_	4,383,093		361,977	_	29,350,847	2,162,9	<u> 334</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities													
Compensated absences		543,972		378,862	57,665		55,732		-		1,036,231	386,1	107
Total health OPEB liability		13,943,408		7,725,030	2,873,530		953,260		818,846		26,314,074		-
Leases payable		-		1,739,777	-		-		-		1,739,777		-
Net pension liability		317,556		227,086	116,082		40,477		5,915		707,116	205,5	594
Net life insurance liability		359,722		269,120	61,743		44,741		3,356		738,682	108,9	946
Revenue bonds and notes payable		47,200,310		26,737,090	-		=		=		73,937,400		-
Unamortized bond premium		2,226,148		-	=		-		=		2,226,148		-
Advances from other funds		=		-	-		=		=		-		-
Unearned capacity revenue		<u>-</u>		40,725,909			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	40,725,909		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		64,591,116		77,802,874	3,109,020	_	1,094,210		828,117	_	147,425,337	700,6	
Total Liabilities		82,002,617		84,795,149	3,311,021	_	5,477,303		1,190,094		176,776,184	2,863,5	581
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Unearned property tax revenue		-		-	-		1,400,000		308,210		1,708,210		-
Rate stabilization fund		-		500,000	-		_		-		500,000		-
Deferred amounts relating to Leases		2,897,686		-	-		-		=		2,897,686		_
Deferred amounts relating to OPEB		3,059,877		2,574,488	2,207,704		203,822		126,715		8,172,606		_
Deferred amounts relating to life insurance		182,311		170,382	27,778		5,990		2,450		388,911	67,1	114
Deferred amounts related to pension		1,914,884		1,382,537	497,359		162,561		43,424		4,000,765	1,331,7	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,054,758		4,627,407	2,732,841		1,772,373		480,799		17,668,178	1,398,8	382
NET POSITION													
Net investment in capital assets		205,943,244		63,191,576	31,098,898		14,508,931		11,389,834		326,132,483	2,357,1	119
Restricted		7,787,334		4,585,232	-		-		-		12,372,566	,,	_
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(1,450,477)	(25,278,641)	2,494,610		(318,543)		(788,980)		(25,342,031)	12,743,4	196
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	212,280,101	\$	42,498,167	\$ 33,593,508	\$	14,190,388	\$	10,600,854	\$	313,163,018	\$ 15,100,6	315

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	 Business-Type Activities- Enterprise Funds													
	 Water Utility	Wastewater Utility			Storm Water Utility		Belle Urban Transit		Other Enterprise Funds		Totals		Internal ervice Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES														
Charges for services Other	\$ 24,926,629	\$	14,831,268 -	\$	9,548,107 207,648	\$	945,118 81,193	\$	1,208,637 284,784	\$	51,459,759 573,625	\$	32,565,111 -	
Total Operating Revenues	 24,926,629	_	14,831,268	_	9,755,755	_	1,026,311	_	1,493,421	_	52,033,384	_	32,565,111	
OPERATING EXPENSES														
Public Works	10,366,600		9,038,947		4,958,700		12,122,218		1,178,776		37,665,241		8,303,948	
Education and recreation General administration	-		-		-		-		833,649 -		833,649		- 25,037,352	
Depreciation	 6,997,633		3,896,879		1,533,412		2,293,093		835,009		15,556,026		1,267,609	
Total Operating Expenses	 17,364,233	_	12,935,826	_	6,492,112	_	14,415,311	_	2,847,434	_	54,054,916	_	34,608,909	
Operating income (loss)	 7,562,396		1,895,442	_	3,263,643		(13,389,000)	_	(1,354,013)		(2,021,532)		(2,043,798)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)														
Investment income	945,027		649,497		-		-		21,865		1,616,389		-	
Interest expense Intergovernmental interest reimbursement	(1,651,970) -		(536,655) 306,269		-		-		-		(2,188,625) 306,269		-	
Plant capacity income	-		1,551,057		-		-		-		1,551,057		-	
Amortization of premiums/discount and refunding loss	224,536		-		-		-		-		224,536		-	
Subsidies from other governmental units Tax levy	-		-		-		8,573,176 1,295,000		- 308,210		8,573,176 1,603,210		-	
Intergovernmental grants	704,521		-		-		-		-		704,521		-	
Customer grants awarded	(704,521)		-		-		-		-		(704,521)		-	
Household hazardous waste revenue Household hazardous waste expense Other	-		184,457 (157,797) 529,001	1	-		-		-		184,457 (157,797) 529,001		-	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	 (482,407)	_	2,525,829	_	<u>-</u>	_	9,868,176	_	330,075	_	12,241,673	_		

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Business-Type Activities- Enterprise Funds										
	Other Water Wastewater Storm Water Belle Urban Enterprise Utility Utility Transit Funds Totals	Internal Service Funds									
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	\$ 7,079,989 \$ 4,421,271 \$ 3,263,643 \$ (3,520,824) \$ (1,023,938) \$ 10,220	,141 \$ (2,043,798)									
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS TRANSFERS IN TRANSFERS (OUT)	6,306,066 704,997 - 2,341,867 - 9,352 48,952 89,923 200,000 338 (3,319,820) (1,129,983) (4,449	,875 2,138,521									
Change in Net Position	10,115,187 3,996,285 3,263,643 (1,089,034) (823,938) 15,462	,143 (234,588)									
TOTAL NET POSITION, Beginning of Year (as restated)	202,164,914 38,501,882 30,329,865 15,279,422 11,424,792 297,700	,875 15,335,203									
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 212,280,101</u>	,018 \$ 15,100,615									

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

				pe Activities- se Funds			Governmental Activities-
	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Stormwater Utility	Belle Urban Transit	Other Enterprise	Totals	Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Received from customers and users Paid to suppliers for goods and services Paid to employees for services Storm Water Fees Collected for Other Funds Storm Water Fees Disbursed Other Funds	\$ 25,650,765 (4,857,145) (6,366,942) 6,370,530 (5,822,353)	\$ 14,961,162 (11,178,009) (4,677,388)	(2,963,836) (3,265,224)	(5,654,788) (6,861,911) - 	(2,222,060) (75,963)	(26,875,838) (21,247,428) 6,370,530 (5,822,353)	(26,711,490 (6,433,083
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	14,974,855	(894,235)	3,161,251	(11,608,126)	(673,679)	4,960,066	431,710
CASH FLOW FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Transfer to other funds Funds received from intergovernmental agreement Miscellaneous receipts	(3,270,868) (272,607)	(1,129,983) 77,236 555,661	- - -	- - -	- -	(4,400,851) (195,371) 555,661	- - -
Operating grants received Operating subsidies received - tax levy Net Cash Flows from Noncapital	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		8,343,944 1,295,000	308,210	8,343,944 1,603,210	
Financing Activities	(3,543,475)	(497,086)		9,638,944	308,210	5,906,593	
CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Debt issued Debt retired	3,979,619 (3,917,473)	7,859,272 (1,211,134)		-	-	11,838,891 (5,128,607)	-
Lease payments received Interest paid on long-term debt Principal and Interest paid on leases	213,666 (1,683,284)	(468,218) (58,240)	- -	-	- - -	213,666 (2,151,502) (58,240)	- - -
Transfer from other funds for capital purposes Acquisition and construction of capital assets REC and other fees received	- (16,039,797) 98,872	(10,235,325)	(1,519,183)	89,923 (1,113,198)	200,000 (197,183)	289,923 (29,104,686) 98,872	1,809,210 (787,608)
Intergovernmental interest reimbursement Receipts from other governments		306,269 (494,044)	- - -	- - -	- - -	306,269 (494,044)	-
Proceeds for plant capacity charges Capital subsidies received Net Cash Flows From Capital	_	969,694		2,992,457	-	969,694 2,992,457	<u>-</u>
and Related Financing Activities	(17,348,397)	(3,331,726)	(1,519,183)	1,969,182	2,817	(20,227,307)	1,021,602

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Business-Type Activities- Enterprise Funds													G	overnmental Activities-
	Water		٧	Wastewater		Stormwater		Belle Urban		Other			_	Internal
		Utility		Utility		Utility		Transit		Enterprise		Totals	S	ervice Fund
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES														
Investment income	\$	945,027	\$	649,497	\$	-	\$	_	\$	21,865	\$	1,616,389	\$	-
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities		945,027		649,497			_	-		21,865		1,616,389		
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(4,971,990)		(4,073,550)		1,642,068		-		(340,787)		(7,744,259)		1,453,312
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year		33,098,125	_	19,399,931		2,841,772	_	200		789,714		56,129,742	_	12,308,850
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	28,126,135	\$	15,326,381	\$	4,483,840	\$	200	\$	448,927	\$	48,385,483	\$	13,762,162
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)														
TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM														
OPERATING ACTIVITIES														
Operating income (loss)	\$	7,562,396	\$	1,895,442	\$	3,263,643	\$	(13,389,000)	\$	(1,354,013)	\$	(2,021,532)	\$	(2,043,798)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)								,		,		,		,
to Net Cash Flows from operating activities														
Other postemployment benefits		155,164		(2,604,194)		(528,108)		(71,632)		(55,898)		(3,104,668)		(159,888)
Depreciation		6,997,633		3,896,879		1,533,413		2,293,093		835,009		15,556,027		1,267,609
Depreciation charged to other funds		147,077		-		-		-		-		147,077		-
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities,														
and deferred inflows		(000 700)		(0.40,000)		4.004		(4.47.700)		400.000		(000 500)		4 040 747
Accounts receivable		(609,798)		(246,696)		4,801		(117,738)		130,923		(838,508)		1,010,717
Inventories Due from other funds		51,855		27,135		(270 245)		(45,120)		21,141		55,011		(9,349) 456
Accounts payable		(8,813) 1,135,539		(80,686) 378,604		(370,245) (522,326)		677,449		(86,940)		(459,744) 1,582,326		62,617
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		(62,593)		102		, , ,		,		. , ,		(288,124)		509,790
Deferred Outflow/Inflows		(62,593)		2,200,443		(219,927)		72,706		(78,412)		1,569,881		509,790
Due to other governments		(98,872)		_,200,743		-		-		-		(98,872)		-
Due to other governments Due to other funds		335,829		(6,361,264)		-		(1,027,884)		(85,489)		(7,138,808)		(206,444)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM		,		(,,,,,,,,,)	_		_	, , , , , , , , , , ,	_	(,)		, ,,,	_	(,)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	14,974,855	\$	(894,235)	\$	3,161,251	\$	(11,608,126)	\$	(673,679)	\$	4,960,066	\$	431,710

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

				Business-Ty Enterpris	•				-	overnmental Activities-
	 Water Utility	 Vastewater Utility	_	Stormwater Utility	_	Belle Urban Transit	 Other Enterprise	 Totals	S	Internal ervice Fund
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE BALANCE SHEET Cash and investments Unrestricted Restricted Total Cash and Investments	\$ 13,342,795 14,783,340 28,126,135	\$ 10,649,785 4,676,596 15,326,381	\$	4,483,840 - 4,483,840	\$	200 	\$ 448,927 - 448,927	\$ 28,925,547 19,459,936 48,385,483	\$	13,762,162 - 13,762,162
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cost of Capital assets installed or financed by developers, customers or the City	\$ 6,207,194	\$ 704,997	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 6,912,191	\$	-
Capital assets in accounts payable and due to other funds	\$ 1,977,636	\$ 1,530,774	\$	-	\$		\$ _	\$ 3,508,410	\$	_

Fiduciary Fund

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the year ended December 31, 2024

	Custodial Fund Tax Collecting
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 19,284,331
Receivables	F2 696 067
Property taxes	52,686,967
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 71,971,298</u>
LIABILITIES	
Due to others	\$ -
Due to component unit	301,938
Due to other governments	71,669,360
TOTAL LIABILITIES	71,971,298
NET POSITION	<u>\$</u>

Fiduciary Fund

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the year ended December 31, 2024

	Custodial Fund
	Tax
	Collecting
ADDITIONS	
Tax collections	\$ 54,096,484
Total Additions	54,096,484
DEDUCTIONS	
Payments to overlying districts	54,096,484
Total Deductions	54,096,484
Change in Net Position	-
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Racine, Wisconsin ("the City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the City of Racine. The reporting entity for the City consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization, (2) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, (3) the organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Certain legally separate, tax exempt organizations should also be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) the primary government or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

Component units are reported using one of two methods, discrete presentation or blending. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens, or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

A. REPORTING ENTITY (cont.)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Business Improvement District

The government-wide financial statements include the Downtown Racine Business Improvement District #1, ("BID") as a component unit. The BID, created in November 2001, has a separate nine member board appointed by the mayor and approved by the City council. The BID was designed to provide for and promote the continued vitality of the City's downtown business district through an aggressive marketing plan to promote existing businesses and attract new business. The BID has its own independent budgetary authority and assessment capabilities. However, the City can impose its will on the BID as the City must approve the BID operating budget and annual assessment. The City has no responsibility for fund deficits of the BID. As a component unit, the BID's financial statements have been presented as a discrete column in the City's financial statements. The financial information presented for the BID is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. Separately issued financial statements of the BID may be obtained from the BID office.

Community Development Authority

The government-wide financial statements include the City of Racine Community Development Authority as a component unit. The Authority is a legally separate organization, created in February 1974, has a separate seven member board appointed by the mayor and approved by the City council. The Community Development Authority was created for the purpose of carrying out blight elimination, slum clearance, and urban renewal programs and projects as set forth in section 66.133 of Wisconsin State Statute. Wisconsin Statutes provide for circumstances whereby the City can impose its will on the Authority, and also create a potential financial benefit to or burden on the City. As a component unit, the Authority's financial statements have been presented as a discrete column in the financial statements. The information presented is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for (a) accounting changes and (b) the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements (error correction). This standard was implemented January 1, 2024.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized in financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This standard was implemented January 1, 2024.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or proprietary fund that the City's management believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund accounts for the City's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those accounted and reported in another fund.
- Special Revenue Fund ARPA used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for the ARPA program.
- Debt Service Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related cost on long-term debt other than enterprise fund debt.
- Capital Project Fund –Tax Incremental Districts-used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures associated with open Tax Incremental Districts.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility – accounts for operations of the water system.

Wastewater Utility – accounts for operations of the sewer system.

Storm Water Utility – accounts for operations of the storm water system.

Belle Urban Transit Fund – accounts for operations of the Belle Urban Transit system.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

The City reports the following non-major governmental and enterprise funds:

Special Revenue Funds – used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes (other than debt service or capital projects)

HUD Grants Private Property Maintenance
State Grants Sanitary Sewer Maintenance

Federal Grants Health Lab
Other Agency Grants Municipal Court
Loans Cemetery
Special Assessments Recycling

Restricted Library
Room Tax Trusts

EMS

Capital Projects Funds – used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

City Projects Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing

Capital Grants Equipment Replacement

General Obligation Bond Projects Equipment Lease

Permanent Funds – used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs, that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry.

Endowment Fund

Enterprise Funds –used to account for and report any activity for which a fee is charged to external uses for goods or services and must be used for activities which meet certain debt or cost recovering criteria.

Parking Utility Civic Centre
Radio Repair Golf Courses

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Equipment Maintenance Garage Health Insurance Information Systems Telephones

Building Complex

Custodial fund is used to account for and report assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collecting

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and unearned revenue. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's Water and Wastewater Utilities, Belle Urban Transit and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues, except for reimbursable intergovernmental grants, to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Reimbursable intergovernmental grants are considered to be available if they are collected within one year of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and unearned revenues. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the City is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the City which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues. Delinquent special assessments being held by the county are reported as receivables and unavailable revenue.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

1. Deposits, Investments and Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of City funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturing in three years or less.
- Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, or by the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority, or Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- 3. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- 4. The local government investment pool.
- 5. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 6. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- 7. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Investment of most trust funds including cemetery perpetual care funds is regulated by Chapter 881 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Investment of library trust funds is regulated by Chapter 112. Those sections give broad authority to use such funds to acquire various kinds of investments including stocks, bonds and debentures.

The City has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments. The investment policy seeks to attain the following five goals:

- Safety Investments by the government of the City of Racine, Wisconsin shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. To this end each investment transaction shall seek to first ensure that capital losses are avoided.
- Legality Investments by the government of the City of Racine, Wisconsin shall be made in accordance with Federal Law, Wisconsin Revised Statutes (particularly, WISSTATS 34.07, 66.04, 67.11 and 219.05), the Municipal Code of the City of Racine and this Investment Policy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits, Investments and Equivalents (cont.)
- 3. Liquidity Investments by the government of the City of Racine, Wisconsin shall be of sufficient liquidity to meet the cash requirements of the City.
- 4. Yield Investments by the government of the City of Racine, Wisconsin shall be designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's investment risk constraints and the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio.
- 5. Public Trust Investments by the government of the City of Racine, Wisconsin shall be designed and managed with a degree of professionalism worthy of the public trust.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on methods and inputs as outlined in Note IV. A. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2024, the fair value of the City's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these financial statements.

See Note IV.A. for further information.

2. Receivables

Property taxes are levied in November on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the City, taxes are collected for and remitted to county governments as well as the local school district and technical college district. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position – fiduciary fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

2. Receivables (cont.)

Property tax calendar – 2024 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date

November 2024

Tax bills mailed

December 2024

Payment in full, or

First installment due

Second installment due

March 31, 2025

Third installment due

May 31, 2025

Fourth installment due

July 31, 2025

Final settlement with County

August 15, 2025

Tax deed by County - 2024

Delinquent real estate taxes October 2027

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the county, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the water and wastewater utilities because they have the right by law to place substantially all delinquent bills on the tax roll, and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a nonspendable fund balance account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or by a restricted fund balance account, if the funds will ultimately be restricted when the advance is repaid.

The City has received federal and state grant funds for economic development and housing rehabilitation loan programs to various businesses and individuals. The City records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed.

It is the City's policy to record unavailable revenue for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Governmental fund inventories, if material, are recorded at cost based on the weighted average method using the consumption method of accounting. Inventory quantities at December 31, 2024 were determined by physical counts. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average method, and charged to operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

5. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 for general capital assets and \$25,000 for infrastructure assets, and an estimated useful life in excess of 1 year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead, and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation and amortization of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation and amortization is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation with a half year convention. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

5. Capital Assets (cont.)

Government-Wide Statements (cont.)

Buildings and Building Improvements	10-50	Years
Intangibles	5	Years
Land Improvements	20	Years
Machinery and Equipment, including buses	3-25	Years
Infrastructure:		
Streets, Roads, and Bridges	30-50	Years
Sidewalks	20	Years
Sewer Lines	50	Years
Shoreline Walls	50	Years
Other	15-100	Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

6. Assets Held for Resale

Periodically, the City purchases land and buildings for redevelopment and resale. In both the fund financial statements and the government wide statements these items are reported at the lower of cost or market.

7. Leases

The City is a lessor because it leases capital assets to other entities. As a lessor, the City reports a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources in both the fund statements and government-wide financial statements. The City continues to report and depreciate the capital assets being leased as capital assets of the primary government.

The City is a lessee because it leases capital assets from other entities. As a lessee, the City reports a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use capital asset (known as the lease asset) on the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, the City recognizes lease proceeds and capital outlay at initiation of the lease, and the outflow of resources for the lease liability as a debt service payment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

8. Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

A deferred charge on refunding arises from the advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payments of the refunded debt and the net carrying value of that debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

9. Compensated Absences

The City's policy allows employees to earn varying amounts of vacation pay for each year employed. Upon retirement or termination of employment, the employee is entitled to payment in cash for a portion of unused accrued vacation. Sick leave is earned at varying rates based on the union contract. All employees, with the exception of firefighters, earn sick leave at the rate of eight hours per month of full-time service to a maximum of 1,200 hours. Employees are not compensated for unused sick leave upon termination of employment, except upon retirement or death. As of January 1, 2022 the sick leave payout at retirement benefit will be phased out with the last year being 2025.

There shall be no sick leave severance payment for those employees retiring on or after January 1, 2026. No person hired on or after January 1, 2021, shall be entitled to any payment for accrued, but unused, sick leave upon retirement.

The City recognizes a liability for compensated absences for leave time that (1) has been earned for services provided (2) accumulates and is allowed to be carried over to subsequent years (3) is more likely than not to be used as time off during employment.

Vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In governmental fund financial statements, the cost of vacation and sick leave is recognized when payments are made to employees.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2024 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or equity (cont.)

10. Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consists primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the straight-line method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

The City has approved the issuance of industrial revenue bonds (IRB) for the benefit of private business enterprises. IRB's are secured by mortgages or revenue agreements on the associated projects, and do not constitute indebtedness of the City. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The total amount of IRB's outstanding at the end of the year is \$31,837,599 made up of four issues.

11. Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

12. Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent bond proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The net position section includes an adjustment of \$3,712,700 for capital assets owned by the business type activities but financed by the debt of the governmental activities. The amount is a reduction of "net investment of capital assets", and an increase in "unrestricted" net position, shown only in the total column.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance and displayed as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

12. Equity Classifications (cont.)

Fund Statements (cont.)

- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through formal action resolution of the City. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting year, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the City that originally created the commitment.
- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are not considered restricted or committed. The City Council has, by resolution, adopted a financial policy authorizing the Director of Finance to assign amounts for a specific purpose. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes.

The City has a formal minimum fund balance policy for the general fund. The policy is to maintain an unassigned fund balance of at least 20% of the subsequent year's general fund budgeted expenditures. The unassigned balance at year end was \$23,739,677 or 25%.

The policy also states that to the extent that any unassigned General Fund Balance is in excess of 25%, but no more than 30%, of the subsequent year's expenditures shall be assigned to the Wage and Benefit Provision account on an annual basis subsequent to Audit Review.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

13. Pension and OPEBs

The fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net Pension Liability (Asset);
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions;
- Pension Expense (Revenue).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
 - 13. Pension and OPEBs (cont.)

Information about the fiduciary net position of the WRS and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the City Health OPEB Plan have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the City Health OPEB Plan. For this purpose, the City Health OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring following:

- Net OPEB Liability (Asset);
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits; and
- OPEB Expense (Revenue).

Information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE II - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore, are unearned in the funds". The details of this difference are as follows:

Unearned revenue-loans	\$ 21,446,899
Unearned revenue-special assessments	2,030,672
Combined Adjustment for	
Long-Term Assets	\$ 23,477,571

Another element of that reconciliation states that "some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds". In addition, interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities—both current and long-term—are reported in the statement of net position. The details of the difference are as follows:

Bonds and notes payable, including premiums	\$	105,969,787
Compensated absences, not including internal service fund		5,017,609
Unamortized loss on refunding		(355,808)
Accrued interest		438,396
Combined Adjustment for		
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	111,069,984

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE II - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (cont.)

Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The details of this difference are as follows:

Construction in progress 24,263,204 Other capital assets net of accumulated depreciation/amortization Less: Internal Service Funds capital assets (2,357,119) Combined Adjustment for	
Less: Internal Service Funds capital assets (2,357,119)	
<u> </u>	j
Combined Adjustment for)
Combined Adjustment for	
Capital Assets \$ 208,815,225	;

B. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental* funds and *changes in net position of governmental* activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation states that "Governmental funds report the effects of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of the differences are as follows:

Premium received	\$ (685,846)
Amortization of loss on refunding and premium (net)	 512,637
Unamortized debt premiums/unamortized loss on refunding	\$ (173,209)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Revenues in the governmental funds that are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities." The details of this difference are as follows:

Special assessments collections	>	298,014
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	84,728

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Expenditures in the governmental funds that are not reported as expenses in the statement of activities." The net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balance – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in Net Position governmental activities of \$238,280 represents the net amount of economic development loans made and written off during the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note I.

The City adopted annual governmental fund budgets for the following funds:

General Fund Debt Service

Special Revenue Funds: Capital Projects Funds:

Cemetery Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing
Library General Obligation Bond Projects

Health Lab Equipment Replacement

Private Property Maintenance

Recycling

Sanitary Sewer Maintenance

Municipal Court

Room Tax

EMS

Budgets have not been formally adopted for the following funds in their entirety:

Special Revenue Funds:

HUD Grants

State Grants

Other Agency Grants

Federal Grants

Loans

Special Assessments

Restricted Trusts

ARPA

Capital Project Funds:

City Projects

Capital Grants

Tax Incremental Districts

Permanent Fund:

Endowment Fund

Wisconsin State Statute 65.90 requires that an annual budget be adopted for all funds.

The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. Appropriation lapse at year-end unless specifically carried over. Carryovers to the following year include items encumbered at year-end. Carryovers to the following year were \$15,596,438. The City uses appropriation unit control (salaries and fringe benefits, operating and capital outlay) within department. All modifications/changes to appropriation units, capital outlay items and capital projects require Liaison Committee, Finance Committee and Common Council approval. Supplemental appropriations during the year were \$13,649,342.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

B. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

The following appropriation units have an excess of actual expenditures over appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2024:

		Appropriation	
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Department</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Administration Non Departmental Fire Police	Salaries and Fringes Operating Salaries and Fringes Operating	\$ 86,941 913,117 322,562 94,808
	Attorney's Office	Operating	140,216
Special Revenue Funds:			
EMS		Salary and Fringes	454,920
Recycling		Salary and Fringes	211,081
Recycling		Operating	147,935
Municipal Court		Salary and Fringes	15,363
Cemetery		Salary and Fringes	2,776
Private Property		Operating	7,777
Room Tax		Operating	14,914

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

C. DEFICIT BALANCES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end. The radio repair enterprise fund had a deficit balance of \$518,922. And the Special Revenue Special Assessment Fund had a deficit balance of \$180,424. These deficits will be funded by future charges for services and special assessment collections.

D. LIMITATIONS ON THE CITY'S TAX LEVY

Wisconsin law limits the City's future tax levies. Generally the City is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the City's equalized value due to new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The City is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position and balance sheet as cash and investments. In addition, investment are separately held by several of the City's funds.

The City's deposits and investments at year end comprised of the following:

		Carrying Statement <u>Value</u> <u>Balances</u>			Associated <u>Risks</u>
Demand deposits	\$	75,392,112	\$	76,700,836	Custodial credit
Savings deposits		207,179		207,179	Custodial credit
Certificates of deposit		44,136,036		44,136,036	Custodial credit
Petty cash		6,700	_		NA
Total deposits	\$	119,742,027	\$	121,044,051	
Wisconsin Local Government					
Investment Pool		55,999,080			Credit
Mutual funds-equities		2,190,014			Credit
Mutual funds-fixed income		980,914			Credit, Interest Rate
U.S. Government agency securities-Explicit		733,277			Custodial Credit,
					Interest Rate
U.S. Government agency securities-Implicit		26,905,934			Credit, Custodial Credit,
					Interest Rate, Concentration of
					Credit
Total investments	_	86,809,219			
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	206,551,246			
Reconcilation to financial statements					
Per statement of net position					
Cash and Investments-Primary government	\$	166,924,613			
Cash and investments-Component units		882,366			
Restricted cash and investments		19,459,936			
Per statement of fiduciary net position					
Custodial fund		19,284,331			
	\$	206,551,246			

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$1,000,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has not been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to the City.

As of December 31, 2024, the City's carrying value of deposits was \$119,609,976, as compared to bank balances of \$120,910,680. Of the bank balances \$120,697,707 was insured by either federal depository insurance or collateralized by securities held by the bank or its correspondent bank but not in the City's name. \$212,973 was uninsured as of December 31, 2024.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateralized securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

As of December 31, 2024, the City's carrying value of U.S. Government Agency Securities subject to custodial credit risk was \$27,639,211. Of this investment balance, all amounts were covered by securities held by an agency in the City's name.

Credit Risk for Investments

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation.

As indicated in Note I, Wisconsin statutes requires municipalities to invest in securities which have a rating that is the highest or second highest rating category assigned by Standard & Poor's Corporation, Moody's Investor's Service, or other similar nationally recognized rating agency or if that security is senior to, or on a party with, a security of the same issuer which has such a rating.

The City's U.S. Government agencies as of December 31, 2024 were rated Aaa by Moody's Investor's Services and AA+ by Standard & Poor's. As of December 31, 2024, the balance in these types of investments was \$27,639,211. The money market funds are rated A and the mutual funds range from a rating of A – BBB. The City also had investments in the LGIP which is an external pool that is not rated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Concentration of Credit Risk for Investments

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer.

At December 31, 2024, the City's investment portfolio had concentration of investments greater than 5% of the total portfolio as follows:

		Percentage
<u>lssuer</u>	Investment Type	of Portfolio
Federal National Mortgage Association	U.S. government agency notes	
	and mortgage backed securities	7.20%
Federal Home Loan Bank Corporation	U.S. government agency notes	
	and mortgage backed securities	39.18%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	U.S. government agency notes	
	and mortgage backed securities	21.05%
Federal Farm Credit Bank Corporation	U.S. government agency notes	
	and mortgage backed securities	30.02%

Interest Rate Risk for Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investments subject to interest rate risk as of December 31, 2024 were as follows:

		Duration
Investment Type	Fair Value	<u>in Years</u>
U.S. Government Agency-implicitly guaranteed	\$ 22,679,964	2.29
U.S. Government Agency-implicitly guaranteed	4,225,970	1.14
U.S. Government Agency-explicitly guaranteed	733,277	0.42
Mutual Funds-fixed income	980,914	4.65

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Fair Value Hierarchy

The City of Racine categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The valuation methods for recurring fair value measurements are as follows:

> Quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets

Investment Type	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3		<u>Total</u>	
Mutual Fund Equities	\$ -	\$	2,190,014	\$	-	\$	2,190,014
Mutual Fund Fixed Income	-		980,914		-		980,914
U.S. Government Agencies	 733,277		26,905,934				27,639,211
Total	\$ 733,277	\$	30,076,862	\$	-	\$	30,810,139

B. RECEIVABLES

Receivables of the City are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Details relating to the uncollectible amounts are as follows:

	Account			Rescue	
	Receivable			Runs	<u>Total</u>
General Fund	\$	606,122	\$	620,355	\$ 1,226,477
Radio Tower		600		-	600
Transit		5,815		-	5,815
Storm Water Utility		10,515		-	10,515
Internal Service		13,354		-	13,354
Other Non-Major Funds		20,641		-	 20,641
	\$	657,047	\$	620,355	\$ 1,277,402

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

B. RECEIVABLES (cont.)

The following receivable amounts are considered to be long-term receivables:

	Tax		
	Incremental	Incremental Other	
	Districts	Non Major	<u>Total</u>
Special Assessments	\$ -	\$ 2,030,672	\$ 2,030,672
Loans and notes	15,652,108	5,794,791	21,446,899
	\$15,652,108	\$ 7,825,463	\$ 23,477,571

Governmental funds report unavailable or unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable		Unearned	Total
Property taxes receivable	\$	-	\$ 75,019,324	\$ 75,019,324
Loans receivable		21,443,195	-	21,443,195
Special assessments not yet due		2,030,672	-	2,030,672
Interest on loans and advances		-	183,356	183,356
ARPA		-	22,935,621	22,935,621
Grant receivables		3,704	607,114	610,818
Total Unearned/Unavailable Revenue				
for Governmental Funds	\$	23,477,571	\$ 98,745,415	\$ 122,222,986
Unearned Revenue shown as a liability			\$ 22,935,621	
Unearned Revenue shown as a deferred inflow			75,809,794	
			\$ 98,745,415	

C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Equipment Replacement Account

The Wastewater Utility established an equipment replacement account to be used for significant mechanical equipment replacement as required by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

C. RESTRICTED ASSETS (cont.)

Long Term Debt Accounts

Redemption	-	Used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months.
Reserve	_	Used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.
Depreciation	_	Used to report resources set aside to fund plant renewals and replacement or make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.
Improvement	-	Used to report proceeds of revenue bond issuances that are restricted for use in construction.

Following is a list of restricted assets for the Water and Wastewater Utility on December 31, 2024:

	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Total
Bond redemption account	\$ 2,353,786	\$ 1,047,242	\$ 3,401,028
Bond reserve account	4,934,026	-	4,934,026
Bond depreciation account	800,000	-	800,000
Equipment replacement account	5,160,296	3,629,354	8,789,650
Capital improvement fund	1,535,232	-	1,535,232
Plant capacity receivable	-	10,715,503	10,715,503
Total Restricted Assets	14,783,340	15,392,099	30,175,439
Reconciliation to restricted net position			
Plant capacity receivable reported as unearned revenue	-	(10,715,503)	(10,715,503)
Accrued interest payable	(526,748)	(91,364)	(618,112)
Unspent bond proceeds	(1,535,232)	-	(1,535,232)
Bond reserve fund financed by bond proceeds	(4,934,026)		(4,934,026)
Restricted Net Position	\$ 7,787,334	\$ 4,585,232	\$ 12,372,566

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning					Ending		
		Balance		Additions	Deletions	Balance		
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets not being								
depreciated/amortized	Φ	05 050 045	•		Φ.	Φ.	05 050 045	
Land	\$	25,256,315	\$	-	\$ -	\$	25,256,315	
Construction in progress		30,970,065		10,176,401	16,883,262		24,263,204	
Total Capital Assets Not Being		50 000 000		40 470 404	40 000 000		40 540 540	
Depreciated/Amortized		56,226,380		10,176,401	16,883,262	_	49,519,519	
Capital assets being								
depreciated/amortized								
Intangible assets		3,502,823		291,051	-		3,793,874	
Land improvements		17,067,784		1,642,179	-		18,709,963	
Buildings		53,957,210		6,923,385	-		60,880,595	
Machinery and equipment		54,433,252		2,981,969	2,206,234		55,208,987	
Roads, streets, and bridges		196,078,565		9,083,321	1,316,944		203,844,942	
Sidewalks		57,370,597		1,404,713	30,331		58,744,979	
Sewer lines		50,269,773		228,272	16,820		50,481,225	
Shoreline walls and other		25,626,918		195,735	-		25,822,653	
Total Capital Assets Being				_				
Depreciated/Amortized		458,306,922	_	22,750,625	3,570,329	_	477,487,218	
Less: accumulated								
depreciation/amortization for								
Intangible assets		2,321,268		674,977	-		2,996,245	
Land improvements		12,556,354		827,821	-		13,384,175	
Buildings		37,579,234		1,962,289	-		39,541,523	
Machinery and equipment		41,134,876		3,744,590	2,206,234		42,673,232	
Roads, streets, and bridges		118,995,375		5,422,931	1,316,944		123,101,362	
Sidewalks		50,667,292		737,869	30,331		51,374,830	
Sewer lines		25,648,254		943,880	16,820		26,575,314	
Shoreline walls and other		15,474,443	_	713,269		_	16,187,712	
Total Accumulated								
Depreciation/Amortization	_	304,377,096	_	15,027,626	3,570,329		315,834,393	
Total Capital Assets being								
Depreciated/Amortized, Net		153,929,826		7,722,999		_	161,652,825	
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	210,156,206	\$	17,899,400	\$ 16,883,262	\$	211,172,344	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities

General government	\$ 1,754,953
Education and recreation	2,311,437
Public works, which includes infrastructure	9,339,406
Public safety	 1,621,830
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation/Amortization Expense	\$ 15,027,626

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

	Beginning Balance Additions			Deletions		Ending Balance	
Business-Type Activities							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	5,301,753	\$	145,057	\$ -	\$	5,446,810
Construction in progress		20,827,647		27,218,713	14,484,330		33,562,030
Total Capital Assets Not Being							
Depreciated		26,129,400		27,363,770	14,484,330	_	39,008,840
Capital assets being depreciated							
Land improvements		9,973,000		-	-		9,973,000
Improvements other than buildings		346,032,784		21,622,047	350,794		367,304,037
Buildings		165,547,250		3,079,155	2,455,725		166,170,680
Leased land and improvements		1,769,570		-	-		1,769,570
Machinery and equipment	_	119,993,848	_	1,639,020	1,358,995		120,273,873
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		643,316,452	_	26,340,222	4,165,514	_	665,491,160
Less: accumulated depreciation for							
Land improvements		8,463,122		301,073	-		8,764,195
Improvments other than buildings		99,408,641		5,628,031	341,402		104,695,270
Buildings		91,963,273		3,897,587	2,455,726		93,405,134
Leased land and improvements		165,897		55,299	-		221,196
Machinery and equipment		86,990,493		5,829,757	1,252,649	_	91,567,601
Total Accumulated Depreciation		286,991,426		15,711,747	4,049,777		298,653,396
Total Capital Assets							
Depreciated, Net		356,325,026		10,628,475	115,737		366,837,764
Business-Type Activites							
Capital Assets, Net	\$	382,454,426	\$	37,992,245	\$14,600,067	\$	405,846,604

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-Type Activities

Water	\$ 6,997,633
Wastewater	3,896,879
Stormwater	1,533,412
Belle Urban Transit	2,293,093
Other	 835,009
Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 15,556,026

Depreciation expense may be different from business-type activity capital asset additions to accumulated depreciation because of joint metering, salvage, cost of removal, internal allocations, or costs associated with the disposal of assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Total
General Fund	Enterprise Fund-Transit	\$ 2,518,737
General Fund	Enterprise Fund-Civic Center	279,077
General Fund	Wastewater Utility	138,244
General Fund	Water Utility	3,203,804
General Fund	Special Revenue-HUD Grants	156,027
General Fund	Special Revenue-State Grants	1,619,150
General Fund	Special Revenue-Restricted	111,058
General Fund	Special Revenue-Federal Grants	2,778,037
General Fund	Special Revenue-Trusts	17,320
General Fund	Permanent Funds	7,698
General Fund	Capital Projects-City Projects	13,950
General Fund	Capital Projects-Capital Grants	852,587
Wastewater Utility	Internal Service Fund-Building Complex	11,127
Wastewater Utility	Water Utility	943,751
Wastewater Utility	General Fund	1,837,878
Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	770,886
Water Utility	General Fund	3,092,385
Capital Projects-City Projects	Wastewater Utility	374,876
Enterprise-Storm	Water Utility	2,309,298
Internal Service-Equipment Maintenance	Water Utility	5,578
Internal Service-Equipment Maintenance	Wastewater Utility	1,132
Internal Service-Telephone	Water Utility	1,983
Internal Service-Telephone	Wastewater Utility	 810
		\$ 21,045,393
	Less: Fund Eliminations	(9,579,761)
	Less: Government Wide Eliminations	 (9,882,781)
		\$ 1,582,851

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

The principal purpose of these interfunds is to fund overdrafts on pooled cash. In addition, the balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

All amounts are due within one year except for \$638,369 of funds owed to the general fund from other City funds. This amount is included in nonspendable fund balance in the general fund as a noncurrent receivable.

For the statement of net position, interfund balances which are owed within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

The Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing fund is advancing funds to several TID's to cover the shortfall in each TID. The fund is charging interest at the City's blended investment rate and a repayment schedule has not been determined.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

The following is a schedule of interfund advances:

G				Amour	nt Due
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	Within O	ne Year
Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing	Tax Increment District #31	\$	17,122	\$	-
Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing	Tax Increment District #30		48,095		-
Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing	Tax Increment District #27		3,363,186		-
Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing	Tax Increment District #26		1,265,762		-
Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing	Tax Increment District #24		1,208,487		-
Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing	Tax Increment District #25		1,000,000		-
Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing	Tax Increment District #18		8,484,047		-
Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing	Tax Increment District #16		45,679		<u>-</u>
Subtotal-Fund financial statements		\$	15,432,378	\$	
Less: fund eliminations		((15,432,378)		
Total advance to other funds-governmen	t wide statements	\$			

For the statement of Net Position, interfund advance balances which are owed within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

General Fund	Special Revenue-HUD Grants	23,920
Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects-TID	719,925
Capital Projects-City Projects	Special Revenue-Sanitary Sewer	201,925
Capital Projects-City Projects	Capital Projects-General Obligation	625,000
Capital Projects-City Projects	Special Revenue-Special Assessment	1,190,374
Capital Projects-Capital Grants	Capital Projects-General Obligation	250,000
Enterprise -Civic Center	Capital Projects - General Obligation	115,000
Enterprise -Civic Center	Capital Projects - Equipment Replaceme	85,000
Enterprise-Transit	Capital Projects - General Obligation	89,923
Enterprise - Water	Enterprise - Wastewater	48,952
Internal Service-Information Systems	Capital Projects - General Obligation	516,235
Internal Service-Information Systems	Capital Projects - Equipment Replaceme	1,292,975
Internal Service-Information Systems	Internal Service-Telephone	329,311
Special Revenue-Private Property	Special Revenue-HUD Grants	396,713
Permanent Funds	Special Revenue-Trusts	49,128
Special Revenue-Library	General Fund	150,000
Special Revenue-State Grants	General Fund	40,478
Subtotal-fund financial statements		10,678,287
Less: Fund eliminations		(5,987,513)
Less: Government wide eliminations		(579,846)
		\$ 4,110,928

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

					Amounts
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	<u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	<u>Balance</u>	One Year
General Obligation					
Bonds and notes payable	\$ 90,515,000	\$ 16,525,000	\$ 16,620,000	\$ 90,420,000	\$ 17,150,000
Direct borrowing	9,998,491	-	445,656	9,552,835	691,784
Premiums	5,989,001	685,846	677,895	5,996,952	
Sub-total	106,502,492	17,210,846	17,743,551	105,969,787	17,841,784
Other Liabilities					
Vested compensated absences	614,526	4,789,190	-	5,403,716	1,563,012
Total health OPEB liability	237,466,851	11,586,799	39,325,237	209,728,413	-
Total pension liability	23,054,035	-	16,420,134	6,633,901	-
Net life insurance OPEB liability	2,942,649	556,585		3,499,234	
Total Other Liabilities	264,078,061	16,932,574	55,745,371	225,265,264	1,563,012
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 370,580,553	\$ 34,143,420	\$ 73,488,922	\$ 331,235,051	\$ 19,404,796

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

										Amounts
		Beginning						Ending	[Due Within
		Balance (Restated)		Increases		Decreases		Balance	One Year	
Bonds and notes payable		(INEStated)								
Revenue bonds	\$	69,932,895	\$	7,859,272	\$	3,956,134	\$	73,836,033	\$	4,888,943
Direct Borrowings		2,275,431		3,979,619		1,172,473		5,082,577		92,267
Premiums	_	2,493,801		-		267,653		2,226,148	_	-
Sub-total	_	74,702,127	_	11,838,891	_	5,396,260	_	81,144,758	_	4,981,210
Other Liabilities										
Vested compensated absences		1,013,880		91,203		22,698		1,082,385		46,154
Total health OPEB liability		28,545,927		2,253,262		4,485,115		26,314,074		-
Total pension liability		2,686,872		544,642		2,524,398		707,116		-
Net life insurance OPEB liability		593,126		151,633		6,077		738,682		-
Lease liability	_	1,758,089			_	8,139		1,749,950		10,173
Total Other Liabilities	_	34,597,894	_	3,040,740	_	7,046,427	_	30,592,207	_	56,327
Total Business Type Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	109,300,021	\$	14,879,631	\$	12,442,687	\$	111,736,965	\$	5,037,537

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the City may not exceed 5% of the equalized value of taxable property within the City's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2024, was \$269,353,725. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$99,972,835.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt (cont.)

<u>Type/Series</u>	Date of Issue	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original <u>Indebtedness</u>	Outstanding 12/31/2024
General Obligation Bonds					
2014	12/09/2014	12/9/2028	2.00-4.00	\$ 15,395,000	\$ 3,165,000
2015	12/07/2015	12/7/2029	2.00-3.00	11,130,000	4,115,000
2016	12/07/2016	12/7/2030	2.00-4.00	11,915,000	5,070,000
2017	12/05/2017	12/5/2031	3.00-5.00	19,145,000	6,250,000
2018	12/11/2018	12/11/2032	4.00-5.00	9,720,000	5,645,000
2019	12/20/2019	12/20/2033	3.00-5.00	13,390,000	7,605,000
2020	10/06/2020	12/1/2027	.40-1.05	10,525,000	4,650,000
2020	12/18/2020	12/1/2034	2.00-4.00	13,755,000	5,950,000
2021	12/17/2021	12/1/2035	2.00-5.00	14,550,000	10,915,000
2022	12/16/2022	12/1/2036	4.00-5.00	14,655,000	7,750,000
2023	11/28/2023	12/1/2037	5.00	17,775,000	8,680,000
2024	11/5/2024	12/1/2038	4.0-6.0	16,525,000	16,525,000
					86,320,000
Taxable Incremental General Obliga	ation Debt				
2014 (Tif #10)	12/09/2014	12/9/2028	2.00-4.00	2,280,000	325,000
2015 (Tif #11)	09/08/2015	12/1/2025	1.00-3.10	1,410,000	170,000
2023 (Tif #18)	11/28/2023	12/1/2041	5.40-5.90	3,605,000	3,605,000
					4,100,000
Board of Commissioners of Public I	_ands-Direct	Borrowings			
2021	12/07/2021	3/15/2031	3.0	4,000,000	3,225,938
2021	06/21/2021	3/15/2041	4.0	5,500,000	5,500,000
2020	05/04/2020	3/15/2040	3.75	900,000	826,897
					9,552,835
Total Governmental Activities-Gene	ral Obligation	n Debt			\$ 99,972,835

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt (cont.)

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Governmental Activities General Obligation Debt

	Gei	General Obligation Debt						
<u>Years</u>	Principal	Interest	Total					
2025	\$ 17,150,000	\$ 3,605,594	\$ 20,755,594					
2026	9,210,000	2,924,835	12,134,835					
2027	8,610,000	2,563,743	11,173,743					
2028	8,020,000	2,208,255	10,228,255					
2029	7,495,000	1,867,035	9,362,035					
2030-2034	28,025,000	5,569,490	33,594,490					
2035-2039	11,015,000	1,395,645	12,410,645					
2040-2041	895,000	79,945	974,945					
Totals	\$ 90,420,000	\$ 20,214,542	\$ 110,634,542					

Governmental Activities Notes from Direct Borrowings

<u>Years</u>	Principal		Interest		Total		
2025	\$	691,784	\$	347,787	\$	1,039,571	
2026		715,148		324,422		1,039,570	
2027		739,317		300,253		1,039,570	
2028		763,565		276,005		1,039,570	
2029		790,155		249,416		1,039,571	
2030-2034		2,770,101		874,334		3,644,435	
2035-2039		2,161,305		447,517		2,608,822	
2040-2041		921,460		54,251		975,711	
Totals	\$	9,552,835	\$	2,873,985	\$	12,426,820	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt

Revenue Debt

Revenue bonds are payable only from revenues derived from the operation of the Water and Wastewater Utilities.

Revenue debt payable on December 31, 2024 consists of the following:

		Final		Original		Balance
	Date of	Maturity	Interest	Indebted-		Outstanding
Type/Series	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Rates</u>	ness	1	12/31/2024
Water Utility						
Safe Drinking Water Loan-Direct	5/27/2015	5/1/2035	1.65	1,230,346	\$	1,102,958
Safe Drinking Water Loan-Direct	9/11/2024	5/1/2044	2.65	3,309,531		3,309,531
Safe Drinking Water Loan-Direct	10/23/2024	5/1/2044	0.25	670,088		670,088
Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds	9/8/2015	9/1/2026	2.00-4.00	6,590,000		1,450,000
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	12/28/2017	9/1/2031	3.00-5.00	6,135,000		4,215,000
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	2/19/2019	9/1/2039	3.00-5.00	20,000,000		19,900,000
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	2/11/2021	9/1/2041	1.00-5.00	19,890,000		19,815,000
Total Water Utility						50,462,577
Wastewater Utility						
Clean Water Fund Loans	1/23/2008	5/1/2027	2.480	3,481,931		639,258
Clean Water Fund Loans	3/24/2010	5/1/2029	2.200	2,524,712		785,342
Clean Water Fund Loans	5/23/2018	5/1/2038	1.870	521,526		384,811
Clean Water Fund Loans	6/27/2018	5/1/2038	1.870	13,088,291		9,685,880
Clean Water Fund Loans	11/10/2021	5/1/2041	1.485	784,277		784,277
Clean Water Fund Loans	9/27/2023	5/1/2043	2.145	4,846,788		4,650,171
Clean Water Fund Loans*	10/11/2023	5/1/2043	2.143	9,096,474		9,096,474
Clean Water Fund Loans*	10/11/2023	5/1/2043	2.190	2,133,159		2,133,159
Clean Water Fund Loans	12/11/2024	5/1/2044	2.190	296,661		296,661
	12/11/2024	3/1/2044	2.200	290,001		
Total Wastewater Utility						28,456,033
Total Business-Type Revenue Debt					\$	78,918,610

^{*}Balances include additional draws during 2024 in the amount of \$7,562,611.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Revenue Debt (cont.)

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Business-Type Activities

	 Revenue Debt								
<u>Years</u>	 Principal		Interest	Total					
2025	\$ 4,888,943	\$	2,095,629	\$	6,984,572				
2026	5,077,514		1,925,872		7,003,386				
2027	4,479,373		1,746,124		6,225,497				
2028	4,458,290		1,577,110		6,035,400				
2029	4,616,184		1,408,779		6,024,963				
2030-2034	21,277,774		5,206,393		26,484,167				
2035-2039	22,217,366		2,411,353		24,628,719				
2040-2044	 6,820,589		260,605		7,081,194				
	\$ 73,836,033	\$	16,631,865	\$	90,467,898				

Business-Type Activities Notes from Direct Borrowings

<u>Years</u>	Principal		Interest		Total
2025	\$ 92,267	\$	100,362	\$	192,629
2026	233,779		94,193		327,972
2027	275,080		89,237		364,317
2028	280,133		84,131		364,264
2029	285,293		78,917		364,210
2030-2034	1,507,745		312,446		1,820,191
2035-2039	1,201,163		179,353		1,380,516
2040-2044	 1,207,117		62,496		1,269,613
	\$ 5,082,577	\$	1,001,135	\$	6,083,712

The Utilities issue revenue bonds, safe drinking water loans and clean water fund loans that are payable only from revenues derived from the operation of the Water and Wastewater Utilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Other Debt Information

The Water Utility has pledged future customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$50.4 million in water system revenue bonds issued between 2015 and 2024. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various extension, replacement, repair and improvement projects throughout the water treatment and distribution system and acquiring equipment, and refunding. The bonds are payable solely from water customer net revenues and are payable through 2044. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 75% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$62,973,451. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$4,890,823 and \$15,317,274, respectively.

The Wastewater Utility has pledged future customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$28.5 million in clean water fund loans issued between 2008 and 2024. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction of certain projects in the wastewater treatment system. The loans are payable solely from wastewater customer net revenues and are payable through 2044. Annual principal and interest payments on the loans are expected to require less than 90% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$33,578,159. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total revenues were \$1,679,348 and \$8,282,954, respectively.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures and loan agreements. With the exception of the violation noted above, the Utility believes they are in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions, including federal arbitrage regulations.

Estimated payments of other postemployment benefits are not included in the debt service requirement schedules.

A statutory mortgage lien upon the City's utility system and any additions, improvements and extensions thereto is created by Section 66.066 of the Wisconsin Statutes as provided for in the ordinances creating the revenue bond issue. The City's system and the earnings of the system remain subject to the lien until payment in full of the principal and interest on the bonds.

G. LEASE DISCLOSURES

The Water Utility, acting as a lessor, leases water tower space and related equipment under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2049 and provide for renewal options ranging from one to five years. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Water Utility recognized \$275,089 and \$95,617 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to these contracts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

G. LEASE DISCLOSURES (cont.)

Certain leases provide for increases in future minimum annual rental payments based on defined increases in the Consumer Price Index, subject to certain minimum increases. Total future minimum lease payments to be received under lease agreements are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2025	\$ 142,975	\$ 90,627	\$ 233,602
2026	153,685	86,331	240,016
2027	163,570	81,732	245,302
2028	156,630	76,947	233,577
2029	125,319	72,815	198,134
2030-2034	702,801	307,247	1,010,048
2035-2039	840,926	193,661	1,034,587
2040-2044	847,408	62,176	909,584
2045-2048	 68,313	 1,080	 69,393
	\$ 3,201,627	\$ 972,616	\$ 4,174,243

The Wastewater Utility leases land and improvements under long-term noncancelable lease agreement that expires in 2054. This lease does not include any renewal terms and provides for increases in future minimum annual rental payments based on defined increases in the Consumer Price Index.

Future minimum payments under the lease are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2025	\$ 10,173	\$ 49,814	\$ 59,987
2026	12,320	49,467	61,787
2027	14,586	49,055	63,641
2028	16,975	48,575	65,550
2029	19,493	48,023	67,516
2030-2034	140,157	229,050	369,207
2035-2039	225,932	202,081	428,013
2040-2044	335,256	160,928	496,184
2045-2049	473,422	101,791	575,213
2050-2054	501,636	23,828	525,464
	\$ 1,749,950	\$ 962,612	\$ 2,712,562

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Net position reported on the government wide statement of net position on December 31, 2024 includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Net Investment in capital assets	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization Less: related long-term debt outstanding,	\$ 211,172,344
premiums plus unamortized loss on refunding	(96, 260, 135)
Plus: funds borrowed but not spent	 13,230,565
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	 128,142,774
Restricted for	
Debt service	326,161
Permanent Funds	
Non Expendable	964,701
Expendable	1,320,316
Library	831,323
Loan programs	6,753,886
Tax incremental districts	19,507,161
Intergovernmental revenue sharing	20,922,401
Federal and State grant programs	3,015,906
Trusts	1,917,454
Health and other	1,506,785
Special assessment program	 2,030,672
Total Restricted	 59,096,766
Unrestricted (deficit)	(172,973,046)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position (Deficit)	\$ 14,266,494

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Business-Type Activities

Net investment in capital assets	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 405,846,604
Less: related long-term debt outstanding	 (79,714,121)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	 326,132,483
Restricted for	
Debt Service	2,782,916
Depreciation Fund	800,000
DNR equipment replacement fund	 8,789,650
Total Restricted	 12,372,566
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (25,342,031)
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 313,163,018

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements on December 31, 2024 include the following:

			Cap	oital Projects Fund Tax		Nonmoior		Total
		Canaral	l.		Dabt	Nonmajor	0	
		General Fund	II	ncremental Districts	Debt Service	Governmental Funds	G	overnmental Funds
5 IB.		runu		DISTRICTS	Service	Fullus		runus
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable	_							
Non current receivables	\$	638,369	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	638,369
Inventories		675,402		-	-	-		675,402
Prepaid Items		619,349		14,000	-	448,676		1,082,025
Deposit in CVMIC		2,962,500						2,962,500
		4,895,620		14,000	-	448,676		5,358,296
Restricted for:								
Loan program		-		-	-	2,819,634		2,819,634
Debt service		-		-	764,557	-		764,557
HUD grant programs		-		-	-	516,579		516,579
State grant programs		-		-	-	980		980
Federal grant programs		-		-	-	637,808		637,808
Special assessment program		-		-	-	-		-
Public safety		-		-	-	774,890		774,890
Health services		-		-	-	119,629		119,629
Cemetery donations		-		-	-	495,390		495,390
Park and recreation programs		-		-	-	116,876		116,876
Trusts		-		-	-	1,917,454		1,917,454
Library services		-		-	-	831,323		831,323
Tax incremental districts		-		3,841,053	-	-		3,841,053
Revenue sharing		-		-	-	20,922,401		20,922,401
Endowments				-		2,285,017		2,285,017
				3,841,053	764,557	31,437,981		36,043,591

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Governmental Funds (cont.)

	Tax			Nonmajor	Total	
	General	Incremental	Debt	Governmental	Governmental	
	Fund	Districts	Service	Funds	Funds	
Committed to:						
Harbor Commission	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 320,172	\$ 320,172	
Fire Prevention	-	-	-	40,231	40,231	
Racine Safe Neighborhood	-	-	-	9,725	9,725	
General Government	-	-	-	138,081	138,081	
Boat Launch	-	-	-	4,584	4,584	
Comm Center Concessions	-	-	-	636	636	
Landmark Preservation	-	-	-	18,560	18,560	
Open Space Park Land	-	-	_	12,471	12,471	
Recycling	-	-	_	1,001,322	1,001,322	
EMS	-	-	-	840,705	840,705	
Municipal Court	-	-	-	15,584	15,584	
Cemetery	-	-	_	234,342	234,342	
City Projects	-	-	_	7,919,284	7,919,284	
Private Property Maintenance	-	-	_	656,233	656,233	
Sanitary Sewer Maintenance	-	-	-	2,059,441	2,059,441	
Health Lab	-	-	-	221	221	
Room Tax	-	-	-	1,147,587	1,147,587	
Equipment Replacement	-	-	-	1,527,279	1,527,279	
Equipment Lease	-	-	-	507,071	507,071	
Capital projects		<u> </u>		11,703,286	11,703,286	
	_	_	_	28,156,815	28,156,815	
Assigned to:						
Budget Stabilization	14,765,165	-	-	-	14,765,165	
Wage Provision	4,747,935	-	-	-	4,747,935	
Economic Development				20,047	20,047	
	19,513,100			20,047	19,533,147	
Unassigned (deficit)	23,739,677	_		(629,100)	23,110,577	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 48,148,397	\$ 3,855,053	\$ 764,557	\$ 59,434,419	\$ 112,202,426	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS

This report contains the Downtown Racine Business Improvement District #1 (BID) and the Racine Community Authority, which are included as component units. Financial information is presented as a discrete column in the statement of Net Position and statement of activities.

In addition to the basic financial statements and the preceding notes to financial statements which apply, the following additional disclosures are considered necessary for a fair presentation.

CITY OF RACINE COMMUNITY AUTHORITY

a. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The Community Authority follows the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus.

b. Transactions with the Primary Government

At December 31, 2024, the Community Authority has advances from the City in the amount of \$2,286,585. There has been no amortization schedule established.

c. Assets Held for Resale

The Authority obtains land and buildings to redevelop and resale. All assets are recorded at lower of cost or market. Donated assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of donation. The Authority's assets are being held for resale and are therefore not depreciable.

At December 31, 2024 the Authority had assets held for resale of \$5,873,185.

d. Cash and Investments

At December 31, 2024, the carrying value and bank balance of the Community Authority's deposits are \$750,315. These monies are commingled with other City funds and therefore FDIC coverage is not able to be determined.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

DOWNTOWN RACINE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT #1 (BID)

a. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The BID follows the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus.

b. Transactions with the Primary Government

At December 31, 2024, the BID has a receivable of \$301,938 from the City's tax collection fund for the entire subsequent year's annual assessment.

c. Cash and Investments

At December 31, 2024, the carrying value of the BID's deposits is \$132,051. Of that balance all was covered by federal depository insurance.

d. Capital Assets

The BID's capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over five to ten years.

At December 31, 2024, the District had capital assets with a cost of \$36,523 and accumulated depreciation of \$21,984. The District's net book value of capital assets was \$14,539. There were no current year additions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS. EFT is responsible for administration of the WRS and State of Wisconsin Investment Board (SWIB) is responsible for managing WRS investments.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their average earnings and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings period. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Post-retirement adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
	•	
2014	4.7%	25.0%
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0
2022	7.4	15.0
2023	1.6	(21.0)

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executive and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$7,029,044 in contributions from the City.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2024 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General	6.8%	6.8%
Executives & Elected Officials	6.8%	6.8%
Protective with Social Security	6.8%	13.20%
Protective without Social Security	6.8%	18.10%

Pension Asset, Pension Expense (Revenue), Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2024, the City reported a liability of \$7,341,017 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022 rolled forward to December 31, 2023. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2023, the City's proportion was .49374414%, which was an increase of .00785613% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized pension (revenue) expense of \$4,322,334.

At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow		Deferred Inflow	
	0	fResources	0	fResources
Differences between projected and actual experience	\$	29,598,909	\$	39,203,938
Changes of actuarial assumptions		3,199,738		-
Net differences between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		25,582,253		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		308,828		52,822
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		7,399,617		<u> </u>
Total	\$	66,089,345	\$	39,256,760

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

\$7,399,617 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	Deferred Outflow (inflow)
December 31:	of Resources (net)
2025	4,006,683
2026	4,186,151
2027	16,133,322
2028	(4,893,187)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2022

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability December 31, 2023

Experience Study: January 1, 2018-December 31, 2020

Published November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Market Value

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 6.8%

Discount Rate: 6.8%

Salary Increases:

Wage Inflation 3.0%

Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Post-retirement Adjustments* 1.7%*

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The Total Pension liability for December 31, 2023 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term	
	Asset	Expected Rate of	Long-Term Real
Core Fund Asset Class	Allocation %	Return %	Rate of Return
Public Equities	40.0%	7.3%	4.5%
Public Fixed Income	27.0	5.8	3.0
Inflation Sensitive	19.0	4.4	1.7
Real Estate	8.0	5.8	3.0
Private Equity/Debt	18.0	9.6	6.7
Leverage	(12.0)	3.7	1.0
Total Core Fund	100.0%	7.4%	4.6%

		Long-Term	
	Asset Allocation	Expected Rate	Long-Term Real
Variable Fund Asset	%	of Return %	Rate of Return
US Equities	70.0%	6.8%	4.0 %
International Equities	30.0	7.6	4.8
Total Variable Fund	100%	7.3%	4.5%

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (inflation) Forecast: %

The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently an asset allocation target of 12% policy leverage is used subject to an allowable range of up to 20%

Asset allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.8% and a municipal bond rate of 3.77%. (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December, 31, 2023. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.) Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.8%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.8%) or 1- percentage-point higher (7.8%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to		1% Increase to
	Discount Rate	Current Discount	Discount Rate
	(5.8%)	Rate (6.8%)	(7.8%)
The City's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	<u>\$70,954,480</u>	<u>\$7,341,017</u>	<u>\$(37,172,013)</u>

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://eft.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

B. RACINE TRANSIT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

The Transit System's union employees participate in the Central States, Southeast and Southwest Areas Pension Plan, which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The Plan provides for retirement and related benefits for eligible employees of contributing employers that are signatory to collective bargaining agreements with local unions accepted by the Trustees of the Fund. Transit Management has designated employer Trustees to establish and amend any plan benefits.

The Transit System makes contributions to the Fund, on behalf of their employee participants, at rates specified in their collective bargaining agreement. Contributions to the plan were \$1,013,253, \$970,862, and \$966,403, for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022 respectively. The following table shows the rate charged per week for each contract year:

Contract Period	Rate per week
July 1, 2024 – June 30, 2025	\$309
July 1, 2023 – June 30, 2024	297
July 1, 2022 – June 30, 2023	286
July 1, 2021 – June 30, 2022	275

The Plan provides several pension benefits. Benefit levels are generally based on the participant's contribution levels, length of vested service and age. Generally, at least 10 years of service are required to be eligible for any benefit level. The Plan's principal benefit has been a "20-Year Service Pension", which is available to participants who attain age 57 and have twenty years of service credits. Greater benefits apply to participants who accumulate 25, 30 or 35 years of contributory credit. The Transit System has approximately 75 teamster union employees covered by this plan.

Under certain conditions, partial pensions are available at reduced amounts where participation has been divided between the Plan and other pension plans that have reciprocal agreements with the Fund. The Plan also provides for a monthly disability benefit, a lump-sum disability benefit and various death benefits.

The amount shown as the "pension benefit obligation" below, is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date and applying other significant assumptions regarding mortality rates, age of retirement, and rates of termination for reasons other than death or retirement. The measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the Plan on a going-concern basis, and to assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The Plan does not make separate measurements of assets and pension benefit obligations for separate employers.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

B. RACINE TRANSIT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN (cont.)

FUNDED PERCENTAGE

The funded percentage of a plan is a measure of how well that plan is funded. This percentage is obtained by dividing the Plan's assets by its liabilities on the valuation date for the plan year. In general, the higher the percentage, the better funded the plan. The Plan's funded percentage for the Plan Year and 2 preceding plan years is set forth in the chart below, along with a statement of the value of the Plan's assets and liabilities for the same period.

In accordance with Treasury Department guidance, the funded percentage and asset values in the chart above do not reflect the special financial assistance ("SFA") paid to the Plan by the PBGC under the American Rescue Plan Act ('ARPA). If the SFA paid to the Plan on January 12,2024 were to be reflected in the above chart, the funded percentage as of January 1, 2024 is 96.9% and the value of assets is \$40,137,520,322.

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Valuation Date	January 1, 2024	January 1, 2023	January 1, 2022
Funded Percentage	15.0%	14.0%	14.5%
Value of Assets Value of Liabilities	\$6,194,022,775	\$5,937,242,356	\$8,012,070,196
	\$41,421,589,600	\$42,334,779,122	\$55,358,547,619
value of Liabilities	Ψ+1,+21,303,000	Ψ Τ Ζ,ΟΟ Τ ,113,122	Ψυυ,υυυ,υ41,019

FAIR MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS

Asset values in the chart above are actuarial values, not market values. Market values tend to show a clearer picture of a plan's funded status as of a given point in time. However, because market values can fluctuate daily based on factors in the marketplace, such as changes in the stock market, pension law allows plans to use actuarial values for funding purposes. While actuarial values fluctuate less than market values, they are estimates. Below are the fair market values (FMVs) of the Plan's assets for each respective year.

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	
FMV of Plan Assets	\$ 38,345,142,157	\$ 41,776,279,289	\$ 5,715,700,020	

On January 12, 2023, the Central States pension fund received \$35.76 billion in Special Financial Assistance (SFA) funds under the American Recue Act Plan Act of 2022 As a result of the SFA, Central States is now well-funded with a highly conservative investment policy that is projected to result in full funding in the future.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. The City is self-insured for medical coverage and workers compensation at December 31, 2024. The City purchases general and automobile liability insurance from the Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company. The City purchases commercial insurance for property and casualty claims. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage for any risk of loss in the past year and settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Self-Insurance

For health care claims, the City has purchased commercial insurance for claims in excess of \$250,000 per member incurred in the calendar year. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

For workers' compensation claims, the uninsured risk of loss is \$350,000 per incident for a policy year. The City has purchased commercial insurance for claims in excess of those amounts. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

All funds of the City participate in the risk management program. Amounts payable to the general fund are based on actuarial estimates of the amounts necessary to pay prior and current year claims.

A liability for a claim is established if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Claims Liability

	Current	Prior Year
Unpaid claims – Beginning of Year Current year claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	\$ 1,277,744 12,003,314 (11,990,867)	\$ 860,833 10,700,099 (10,283,188)
Unpaid Claims – End of Year	\$ 1,290,191	\$ 1,277,744

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

Public Entity Risk Pool

Wisconsin Municipal Insurance Commission (WMIC)
Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC)

The WMIC is an intergovernmental cooperation commission created by contract under Section 66.30 of the Wisconsin Statutes. It was created in August, 1987 for the purpose of facilitating the organization, establishment and capitalization of the CVMIC, and has numerous cities and villages as members.

The CVMIC is a municipal mutual insurance company established on September 14, 1987 under Section 611.23 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The CVMIC provides liability insurance coverage to the cities and villages which make up the membership of the WMIC.

The CVMIC is self-insured up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 of each insurance risk. Losses paid by CVMIC plus administrative expenses will be recovered through premiums to the participating pool of municipalities.

Member equity ownership attributable to the WMIC bonds (\$25 million) is based on the amount of the bond the member delivered in proportion to the bonds delivered by all members. The City's percentage participation in WMIC and CVMIC at December 31, 2024 was 5.497% or \$2,962,500. This amount has been recorded as a deposit in CVMIC in the City's general fund.

Management of each organization consists of a board of directors or officers comprised of representatives elected by each of three classes of participants based on population. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of the agencies beyond the election of the officers and board.

Financial statements of WMIC and CVMIC are available from: Cities and Village Mutual Insurance Company, 1250 South Sunnyslope Road, Suite 105, Brookfield, WI 53005.

The City pays an annual premium to the mutual for its general liability insurance, which provides coverage up to \$10,000,000 per occurrence, less the City's retained liability. The City's retained liability is limited to \$225,000 per occurrence and an annual aggregate limit of \$750,000. An actuarially determined estimate has been recorded for this liability, as well as for claims incurred but not reported at December 31, 2024. A total liability of \$1,553,742 at December 31, 2024 was recorded as claims payable in the governmental activities column of government-wide statement of Net Position. Changes in the fund's claims loss liability follow:

			Claims		
	Beginning Balance	Incurred Claims	Paid/ Settled	Ending Balance	
2024	\$ 1,517,113	1,987,494	1,950,865	\$ 1,553,742	
2023	1,516,127	1,503,781	1,502,795	1,517,113	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

Public Entity Risk Pool (cont.)

Transit Mutual Insurance Corporation of Wisconsin (TMI)

The Transit Mutual Insurance Corporation of Wisconsin is a joint venture of Wisconsin municipalities which have joined together for the managing and funding of the first party property losses and third party liability claims of its member municipalities mass transit funds.

In 2023, TMI issued a Motor Vehicle Insurance Policy to its members with the following available coverages:

Liability \$250,000 per person, \$7,000,000 per accident, 0 deductible

Uninsured Motorists \$25,000 per person, \$50,000 per accident, 0 deductible

Physical damage Collision and Comprehensive – Agreed value, or Cost of Repairs, whichever

is less, minus \$500 flat deductible per accident for all private passenger &

service units, \$1,000 flat deductible per accident for all bus units

TMI retains \$2,500,000 per occurrence (accident) of the liability limits and cedes \$4,500,000 to Great American Reinsurance Corporation. TMI retains \$750,000 per occurrence (accident) of the physical damage limits and cedes the balance up to \$13,250,000 to Great American Reinsurance Corporation.

Management consists of a board of directors comprised of one representative for each member. The municipality does not exercise any control over the activities of the agency beyond its representation on the board of directors.

Initial contributions are determined in advance of each membership year. The board of directors may require that supplemental contributions be made by members to ensure adequate funds are available to meet the obligations applicable to the membership year. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit attributable to a membership year during which they were a member. The City's share of this joint venture is 11.78% for auto liability and 10.03% for physical damage liability. A list of the other members is in the TMI report, which can be obtained directly from TMIC's offices.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and judgments are as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the City is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the City Attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

The City borrowed for the purpose of making various capital improvements. These monies as well as other revenue sources are reflected in the capital projects funds. Work that has been completed but not yet paid for (including contract retainages) is reflected as accounts payable and expenditures. The balance of contract amounts plus open purchase orders is \$72,201,180,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

HEALTH INSURANCE

The City provides post-employment health care and life benefits to retired employees and their dependents. The benefits can vary, depending upon the age and years of service of the retiree. Depending on the union contract, the City pays 100% of the health care costs for employees who retire with a combination of age and years of service between 75 and 80 years. The City also pays 100% of the Medicare premiums for those individuals. Life insurance premiums are paid to age 65 for those individuals who retire prior to age 65 and qualify as defined above. Required contributions range from 0%-10% based on labor negotiations and retirement date.

The City of Racine administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides health insurance benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses through the City's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through collective bargaining agreements, personnel policy guidelines, or past practice and state that eligible retirees and their spouses receive lifetime healthcare insurance at established contribution rates. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report

Contribution requirements are established through collective bargaining agreements and may be amended only through negotiations between the City and the union. The City makes the same monthly health insurance contribution on behalf of the retiree as it makes on behalf of all other active employees during that year. The amount of the City's contribution ranges from 92.5-100% based on the employee's year of retirement and bargaining unit. For fiscal year 2024, the City contributed \$10,648,080 to the plan. Eligible plan member contributions vary based on the specific collective bargaining agreement. Plan member contributions range from 0-10% of their premium costs. For fiscal year 2024, total retiree member contributions were \$717,034.

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The City's total OPEB liability of \$236,042,487 was measured as of December 31, 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs. Where consistent with the terms of the plan, actuarial assumptions have utilized the assumptions for the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) as provided in the December 31, 2023 Actuarial Valuation reports.

Interest Discount Rate-3.26% for 2024 Mortality-Based on the Wisconsin 2020 Mortality Table Employee Turnover/Withdrawal Annual Medical Trends Salary Adjustment Factors

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the years 2021-2023. This information was rolled forward to determine the valuation as of December 31, 2024.

Changes in the Total Health OPEB liability

			Business		
	Governmental		Туре		
		Activities	Activities		Total
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	237,466,851	\$ 28,545,927	\$	266,012,778
Changes for the year:					
Service Cost		2,966,408	400,114		3,366,522
Interest		8,620,391	1,204,274		9,824,665
Diffferences between expected and actual experience		(30,144,870)	(2,368,528)		(32,513,398)
Changes in assumption or other input		-	-		-
Benefit payments		(9,180,367)	(1,467,713)	_	(10,648,080)
Net changes		(27,738,438)	(2,231,853)	_	(29,970,291)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$	209,728,413	\$ 26,314,074	\$	236,042,487

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a different discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.26%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.26%) than the current discount rate:

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

	1	% Decrease	Current		1% Increase	
	to [Discount Rate	Discount Rate		ount Rate to Discour	
		(2.26)%	(3.26%)		(3.26%) (4.	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	271,248,991	\$	236,042,487	\$	207,513,097

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that a 1-percentage-point lower 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Curre	ent Trend Rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 208,543,019	\$	236,042,487	\$ 269,926,485

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized OPEB-Health expense (benefit) of \$(10,261,398).

At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources

	Defe	erred Outflows	De	ferred Inflow
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Governmental Activities				
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	6,536,656	\$	19,440,108
Changes in assumptions or inputs		8,041,485		41,721,222
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		9,180,367		<u> </u>
		23,758,508		61,161,330
Business Type Activities				
Differences between actual and expected experience		1,852,452		1,810,043
Changes in assumptions or inputs		1,484,910		6,362,563
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,357,452		<u>-</u>
		4,694,814		8,172,606
Total	\$	28,453,322	\$	69,333,936

The \$10,537,819 reported as deferred outflows relating to employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflow (inflow)
Year Ended December 31,	of Resources (net)
2025	(11,240,000)
2026	(16,905,298)
2027	(17,315,815)
2028	(5,945,269)
2029	(10,329)
Thereafter	(1,722)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND (LRLIF)

Plan description. The LRLIF is a multiple-employer' defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

ETF issued a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at: https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial -reports-and-statements.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits provided. The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions. The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contribution based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the member premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of member contribution
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of member contribution

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND (LRLIF) (cont.)

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating members must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The member contribution rates in effect for the plan year are as listed below:

Attained Age	<u>Basic</u>	<u>Supplemental</u>
Under 30	\$0.05	\$0.05
30-34	0.06	0.06
35-39	0.07	0.07
40-44	0.08	0.08
45-49	0.12	0.12
50-54	0.22	0.22
55-59	0.39	0.39
60-64	0.49	0.49
65-69	0.57	0.57

Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver of premium benefit

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$18,771 in contributions from the employer.

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2024 the City reported a liability of \$4,237,916 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023 rolled forward to December 31, 2023. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2023, the City's proportion was .92115500%, which was a decrease of .00691200% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized OPEB-Life expense of \$316,286

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND (LRLIF) (cont.)

At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Def	ferred Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	375,067
Changes in assumptions		1,325,478		1,668,800
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan				
investments		57,252		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		81,937		201,201
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		20,429		
Total	\$	1,485,096	\$	2,245,068

\$20,429 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the LRLIF Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Deferred Outflows Year ended December 31, and Deferred Inflows (Net) 2025 (47,491) 2026 (4,387) 2027 (185,506) 2028 (323,709) 2029 (263,586) Thereafter 44,278

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND (LRLIF) (cont.)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: January 1, 2023

Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

December 31, 2023

Experience Study: January 1, 2018-December 31, 2020

Published November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield*

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

4.25%

Discount Rate:

3.32%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.0%

Seniority/Merit 0.10% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The Total OPEB liability for December 31, 2024 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A-Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

^{*}Based on the Bond Buyers GO index

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND (LRLIF) (cont.)

		Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	<u>Index</u>	Allocation	Rate of Return
US Intermediate Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Interm Credit	40.00%	2.32%
U Mortgages	Bloomberg US MBS	60.00%	2.52%
Inflation			2.30%
Long Term Expected Rate of Return			4.25%

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate remain unchanged from the prior year at 2.30%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND (LRLIF) (cont.)

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 3.32% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the current year as opposed to a discount rate of 3.76% for the prior year. The change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 3.76% as of December 31, 2022 to 3.26% as of December 31, 2023. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and the contributions made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.32%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.22%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.32%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to		1% Increase to
	Discount Rate	Current Discount	Discount Rate
	(2.22%)	Rate (3.32%)	(4.32%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB			
liability	<u>\$5,694,230</u>	<u>\$4,237,916</u>	<u>\$3,126,276</u>

F. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

One major customer accounted for 17.9% of Water Utility gross sales aggregating \$4,466,044 and 16.7% of gross sales aggregating \$4,093,625 in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Two major customers accounted for 23.71% and 17.58% of Wastewater Utility gross sales aggregating \$6,1325,72 in 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

G. INTERMUNICIPAL SANITARY SEWER SERVICE AGREEMENT

The Wastewater Utility entered into an intergovernmental sanitary sewer service agreement with the surrounding local municipalities. The agreement was reached to provide for an equitable allocation of the cost of the expansion of the existing sewer service facilities, which were necessary to continue providing high quality, reliable sewer service, and allow for future growth needs. The agreement allocates treatment capacity to each of the participating municipalities based on their future estimated usage. In return for such treatment capacity allocations each participating municipality is required to pay the Wastewater Utility its proportionate share of the capital cost of improvements.

The municipalities agreed to participate in loans from the Clean Water Fund to pay for their share of the capital costs. As such, the agreement calls for each municipality to timely pay to the Wastewater Utility its proportionate share of debt and any related debt service costs on a payment schedule approved by the Wastewater Utility. The principal of debt due from each municipality was recorded as receivable and unearned revenue upon completion of the expansion project.

Interest payments under the agreement are recorded as revenue when earned. Principal payments are recorded as reductions of the account receivable – capacity rights account. The unearned revenue will be recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the agreement. The capacity revenue recognized was \$1,551,057 for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The agreement also calls for revenue sharing payments to be made between participating municipalities based on current year's municipal budgets and the prior year's municipal populations and equalized valuations. The agreement requires the Wastewater Utility to collect revenue sharing payments from the contributing municipalities and distribute them to recipient municipalities.

The agreement also requires the Wastewater Utility to make payments from its reserve accounts to the City of Racine, Wisconsin, with respect to the Racine Public Library. Racine Zoo, and the Charles A. Wustum Museum of Fine Arts which were determined to be regional cultural services and facilities which benefit the outlying parties. This payment in the amount of \$1,081,031 for 2024 is reported as a transfer to other funds in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

H. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RETAIL WATER SERVICE AGREEMENT

The Racine Water Utility entered into an intergovernmental retail water service agreement with the Village of Mount Pleasant and the Village of Sturtevant. The agreement was reached to provide an equitable allocation of the cost expansion of existing and future water service facilities, which are necessary to continue providing high quality reliable water service, and allow for future growth needs. Projects designed to serve future growth funded through the water rates, contract connection charges and contract front foot charges for new mains installed in the City and Villages that will directly and substantially serve future growth and development. Costs to remedy existing deficiencies in the water system may be recovered through the water sales. In 2013 the Water Utility entered into an intergovernmental wholesale water service agreement with the Village of Caledonia. The Village of Caledonia opted to prepay its resident's portion of these charges in two installments, one in 2013 and one in 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

H. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RETAIL WATER SERVICE AGREEMENT (cont.)

The residential equivalent connection (REC) fees are deposited in an interest bearing segregated account and are restricted to pay future growth costs. REC fees are recorded as revenue when received. The Utility recognized \$98,872 of REC fee revenue in 2024.

In 2018, the Water Utility amended the intergovernmental agreement with the Village of Mount Pleasant. As part of the amendment, the Water Utility facilitates engineering and construction costs for Village development projects. Amounts paid by the Utility for such projects are billed to the Village, and the Village reimburses the Utility. The Village maintains ownership of those assets during construction. As December 31, 2024 the Utility reporting an outstanding receivable from the Village in due from other governments on the statement of net position of \$0.

The amendment also establishes the minimum required annual revenues that are required to finance project related debt service payments. In the event that the designated annual revenues are below the established thresholds, the Village of Mount Pleasant is required to remit the designated shortfall to the Utility. These payments are recoverable in the event annual revenues exceed established thresholds. During the year ended December 31, 2024 the Water Utility received no shortfall payments from the Village.

The amendment also decreased annual REC fees for all classes of customers and guarantees cash flows sufficient to meet existing debt service requirements for related debt. In the event annual collections of REC fees are less than agreed upon amounts, payments will be made to the Utility. These payments are recoverable in the event future receipts exceed debt service requirements. At December 31, 2024, the Water Utility held \$3,524,893 of REC fees, which are included in due to other governments on the statement of net position.

I. INFILTRATION/INFLOW REMOVAL AGREEMENT

In 1994, the Wastewater Utility entered into an agreement with the City of Racine to periodically replace the manholes and upgrade other structures to promote infiltration/inflow removal in the City of Racine. As part of the agreement, the Utility paid the construction cost for the manhole replacement and upgrades and was allowed to place a special charge on the bills of the City residents to recover its costs. At December 31, 2024, the Wastewater Utility had no excess collections.

J. MUNICIPAL REVENUE OBLIGATIONS

In 2006, the City issued a municipal revenue obligation as part of a development agreement. The amount of the obligation is \$1,888,000 and is payable to the developer solely from tax increments collected from a specific development in Tax Incremental District No.13.

The obligation has no established repayment terms. The obligation bears interest at 6.5% and matures on October 1, 2030. In no case, shall the term of this obligation and the City's obligation to make payments, extend beyond the statutory expiration of Tax Incremental District No.13, nor shall the amount of principal to be paid under the obligation exceed \$1,888,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

J. MUNICIPAL REVENUE OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

The obligation does not constitute a charge upon any funds of the City. In the event that future tax increments are not sufficient to pay off the obligation, the obligation terminates with no further liability to the City. Since the amount of future payments is contingent on the collection of future tax increments, the obligation is not reported as a liability in the accompanying financial statements. The balance of the commitment outstanding at year end is \$625,551.

K. RESTATEMENT OF PREVIOUSLY REPORTED BALANCES

Effective January 1, 2023, the Water and Wastewater Utilities implemented GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. This statement updated the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences and associated salary-related payments and amended certain previously required disclosures. As a result of the implementation of this standard, the compensated absences liability as of December 31, 2023 was understated by \$120,552 in the Water Utility and \$182,299 in the Wastewater Utility. The effect of the implementation of this standard is shown below.

		Statement No. 101-	
	Previously	Compenstated	Restated
	Reported	<u>Absenses</u>	<u>Balances</u>
Water Utility			
Liabilities:			
Accrued Compensated Absences,			
Less Current Portion	\$ 382,686	\$ 120,552	\$ 503,238
Net Position-Unrestricted	3,280,476	(120,552)	3,159,924
Operation and Maintenace Expenses	9,201,521	120,552	9,322,073
Wastewater Utility			
Liabilities:			
Accrued Compensated Absences,			
Less Current Portion	\$ 207,741	\$ 182,299	\$ 390,040
Net Position-Unrestricted	(28,487,705)	(182,299)	(28,670,004)
Operation and Maintenace Expenses	9,286,768	182,299	9,469,067

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

L. EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT-PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures
- Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements
- Statement No. 104, Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Health Insurance Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years*

For the year ended December 31, 2024

	<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Governmental Activities Service Cost Interest on total OPEB Liability Effect of Economic/Demographic (Gains) or Losses	\$ 2,966,408 8,620,391 (24,542,499)		4,429,663 6,063,933	\$	5,417,604 5,595,807	\$	4,524,265 6,551,554	\$	4,561,773 10,942,731 (6,146,214)	\$	5,774,719 9,900,105 (1,500,584)	\$	5,190,182 10,340,209 (1,680,025)
Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs Benefit Payments	 (5,602,371) (9,180,367)		(62,289,417) (8,365,443)		29,226,377 (8,375,836)	_	22,060,930 (10,974,562)	_	(25,520,780) (10,936,751)	_	(26,677,205) (8,736,005)		14,443,077 (8,670,045)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	 (27,738,438)	_	(60,161,264)	_	31,863,952	_	22,162,187		(27,099,241)		(21,238,970)	_	19,623,398
Total OPEB-Health Liability Beginning	 237,466,851		297,628,115	_	265,764,163	_	243,601,976		270,701,217		291,940,187		272,316,789
Total OPEB-Health Liability Ending	\$ 209,728,413	\$	237,466,851	\$	297,628,115	\$	265,764,163	\$ 2	243,601,976	\$ 2	270,701,217	\$	291,940,187
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 54,281,429	\$	51,823,944	\$	48,109,708	\$	45,055,269	\$	45,398,488	\$	43,503,529	\$	41,932,280
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	386.37%		458.22%		618.64%		589.86%		536.59%		622.25%		696.22%
Business Type Activities													
Service Cost Interest on total OPEB Liability Effect of Economic/Demographic (Gains) or Losses	\$ 400,114 1,204,274 (894,062)	\$	630,144 882,847	\$	868,824 889,650	\$	694,099 1,041,757 -	\$	698,995 1,747,436 (1,588,592)	\$	1,013,250 1,693,562 (34,569)	\$	785,602 1,525,236 (742)
Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs Benefit Payments	 (1,474,466) (1,467,713)		(10,910,632) (1,496,871)		2,027,319 (2,453,514)		3,531,196 (1,821,450)		(4,116,413) (2,072,297)		(4,428,078) (1,742,986)		2,051,148 (1,529,452)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	 (2,231,853)	_	(10,894,512)	_	1,332,279	_	3,445,602	_	(5,330,871)		(3,498,821)	_	2,831,792
Total OPEB-Health Liability Beginning	28,545,927	_	39,440,439	_	38,108,160	_	34,662,558	_	39,993,429	_	43,492,249	_	40,660,457
Total OPEB-Health Liability Ending	\$ 26,314,074	\$	28,545,927	\$	39,440,439	\$	38,108,160	\$	34,662,558	\$	39,993,428	\$	43,492,249
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 9,662,902	\$	8,801,278	\$	8,301,490	\$	8,947,955	\$	8,265,132	\$	8,787,027	\$	7,951,687
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	272.32%		324.34%		475.10%		425.89%		419.38%		455.14%		546.96%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior year are not required and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the current GASB standards, they should not be reported

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Employer Contributions Local Life Insurance Fund

For the year ended December 31, 2024

		2024		2023		2022		<u> 2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)														
Employer's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	C	0.92115500%	(0.92806700%	(0.00000000%	1	1.00238700%	C	.98002870%	C	0.95373400%	0	.92586300%
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	4,237,916	\$	3,535,775	\$	5,469,486	\$	5,513,852	\$	4,174,253	\$	2,460,957	\$	2,785,534
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	53,874,000	\$	52,664,000	\$	52,265,000	\$	51,124,000	\$	50,786,000	\$	48,425,000	\$	38,935,188
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a														
percentage of its covered payroll		7.87%		6.71%		10.46%		10.79%		8.22%		5.08%		7.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		33.90%		38.81%		29.57%		31.36%		37.58%		48.69%		44.81%
Schedule of Employer Contributions (Fiscal Year Basis)														
Contractually required contributions	\$	20,429	\$	18,944	\$	18,617	\$	18,408	\$	19,863	\$	19,387	\$	18,335
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$	(20,429)	\$	(18,944)	\$	(18,617)	\$	(18,408)	\$	(19,863)	\$	(19,387)	\$	(18,335)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	63,934,331	\$	60,625,222	\$	56,411,198	\$	54,003,224	\$	57,250,278	\$	54,654,395	\$	52,350,961
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.03%		0.03%		0.03%		0.03%		0.03%		0.04%		0.04%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior year are not required and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the current GASB standards, they should not be reported

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Wisconsin Retirement System

Last 10 Measurement Period*

For the year ended December 31, 2024

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

	2024	2023	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	2019	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)										
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.49374414%	0.48588801%	0.49040709%	0.49580833%	0.48246164%	0.47161079%	0.46066710%	0.457494490%	0.46004473%	0.473551710%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 7,341,017	\$ 25,740,907	\$ (39,527,713)	\$ (30,954,001)	\$ (15,556,765)	\$ 16,778,433	\$ (13,677,753)	\$ 3,770,847	\$ 7,475,638	\$ (11,628,527)
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 60,625,222	\$ 56,411,197	\$ 54,003,223	\$ 57,250,277	\$ 54,654,394	\$ 52,350,961	\$ 49,607,263	\$ 49,260,898	\$ 48,506,039	\$ 49,050,285
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a										
percentage of its covered payroll	12.11%	45.63%	73.20%	54.07%	28.46%	32.05%	27.57%	7.65%	15.41%	23.71%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	98.85%	95.72%	106.02%	105.26%	102.96%	96.45%	102.93%	99.12%	98.20%	102.74%
<u> </u>	SCHEDULE OF EN	IPLOYER CON	TRIBUTIONS-WI	SCONSIN RETIF	REMENT SYSTE	<u>M</u>				
Schedule of Employer Contributions (Fiscal Year Basis)										
Contractually required contributions	\$ 7,399,617	\$ 6,793,026	\$ 5,665,578	\$ 5,627,599	\$ 5,794,214	\$ 5,503,715	\$ 5,434,187	\$ 5,219,080	\$ 4,588,001	\$ 4,704,517
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$ (7,399,617)	\$ (6,793,026)	\$ (5,665,578)	\$ (5,627,599)	\$ (5,794,214)	\$ (5,503,715)	\$ (5,434,187)	\$ (5,219,080)	\$ (4,588,001)	\$ (4,704,507)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 63,934,331	\$ 60,625,222	\$ 56,411,198	\$ 54,003,224	\$ 57,250,278	\$ 54,654,395	\$ 52,350,961	\$ 48,329,498	\$ 49,260,898	\$ 48,506,039
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.57%	11.20%	10.10%	10.42%	10.12%	10.07%	10.38%	10.80%	9.31%	9.70%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

Supplemental schedules are required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Wisconsin Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes in assumptions. Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018, through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Other Postemployment Benefits, Health Insurance

The data presented in the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios was taken from the reports issued by the actuary.

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however, the standards allow the City to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for the City.

Changes in assumptions. Changes in assumptions from the previous study are as follows:

- The discount rate was changed from 2.12% to 3.72%
- Expected claims and medical trend rates were changed to reflect the anticipated experience under the most recent Getzen model application

Other Postemployment Benefits, Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years data; however, the standards allow the City to present as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund.

Changes in assumptions. In addition to the rate changes detailed in the tables above, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three-year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021, total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2018, total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 5.0% to 4.25%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table



Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET As of December 31, 2024

				Speci	al R	levenue Fur	nds			
		HUD Grants		State Grants	Otl	ner Agency Grants		Federal Grants		Loans
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	433,785	\$	107,281	\$	425,614	¢	643,218	\$	3,107,648
Receivables	φ	455,765	φ	107,201	φ	423,014	φ	043,210	φ	3, 107,040
Property taxes		-		_		_		-		-
Special assessment - tax roll		-		-		-		-		-
Special assessment		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest		-		- 0.000		4.050		54,043		191,879
Accounts Loans and notes (net)		3,704		3,600		1,250		1,500 1,860,539		3,930,548
Prepaid expenses		3,704		448,676		-		1,000,559		3,930,346
Due from other funds		-		-		_		-		-
Due from other governments		406,563		1,253,860		-		3,218,143		-
Advances to component unit		-		-		-		-		-
Advances to other funds	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>	_		_	<u> </u>	_	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	844,052	\$	1,813,417	\$	426,864	\$	5,777,443	\$	7,230,075
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	160,653	\$	66,807	\$	-	\$	447,016	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		156 027		273		-		- 0.770.027		199,335
Due to other funds Due to other governments		156,027 7,089		1,619,150		-		2,778,037		97,202
Total Liabilities		323,769		1,686,230				3,225,053		296,537
Total Elabilities		020,700	_	1,000,200			_	0,220,000	-	200,001
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenues		3,704		-		-		1,860,539		3,930,548
Unearned revenues		-		126,207		426,864		54,043		183,356
Unearned property tax revenue	-	2 704	_	106 007		406.064	_	1 014 500		4 112 004
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,704	_	126,207		426,864	_	1,914,582	-	4,113,904
Fund Balances (Deficits)										
Nonspendable		-		448,676		-		-		-
Restricted		516,579		980		-		637,808		2,819,634
Committed		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned Unassigned (deficit)		-		(448,676)		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		516,579		980	_			637,808		2,819,634
Total Fund Dalances (Delicits)		310,379	_	900			_	037,000	_	2,018,034
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED										
INFLOW OF RESOURCES,										
AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	844,052	\$	1,813,417	\$	426,864	\$	5,777,443	\$	7,230,075

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET As of December 31, 2024

Special Assessments		Restricted	Tru	ısts		Library	Recy	cling		EMS		Municipal Court	C	Cemetery	ate Propert aintenance
\$ -	\$	2,026,494	\$ 1,9	934,774	\$	916,924	\$ 1,14	13,423	\$	892,472	\$	32,437	\$	303,304	\$ 589,846
_		33,867		_		2,257,317	2,51	17,552		-		286,341		-	220,680
454,956		-		-		-	•	-		-		-		-	
2,030,672		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		61,999		-		-		-		-		-		- 1,580	98,55
-		-		_		-		-		-		-		-	30,33
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		140,000		-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		140,000		_		-		-		-		-		-	
\$ 2,485,628	\$	2,262,360	\$ 1,9	934,774	\$	3,174,241	\$ 3,66	60,975	\$	892,472	\$	318,778	\$	304,884	\$ 909,07
\$ - 180,424 -	\$	31,001 15,142 111,058		- 17,320	\$	14,638 70,903		16,566 25,535	\$	51,767 - -	\$	16,990 7,575	\$	65,343 5,199	\$ 14,65 17,50
<u>-</u>		-				60				-		(7,712)		-	
180,424	_	157,201		17,320		85,601	14	12,101		51,767		16,853	_	70,542	 32,16
2,030,672		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
- 454,956		33,867		-		- 2,257,317	2.51	- 17,552		-		286,341		-	220,68
2,485,628	_	33,867			_	2,257,317		17,552	_		-	286,341	_		 220,68
2, 100,020		33,03.				2,201,011		,002				200,011			
-		1,506,785	1 9	- 917,454		831,323		-		-		-		-	
-		544,460	1,	-		-	1,00)1,322		840,705		15,584		234,342	656,23
-		20,047		-		-	•	-		-		-		· -	-
(180,424)	_				_							<u>-</u>			
(180,424)		2,071,292	1,9	917,454	_	831,323	1,00)1,322	_	840,705		15,584	_	234,342	 656,23

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET As of December 31, 2024

		Specia	al R	evenue Fun	ds			Capital Pro	iect	s Funds
	_	Sanitary					_			-
		Sewer Maintenance		Health Lab		Room Tax		City Projects		Capital Grants
ASSETS			_		_				_	
Cash and investments	\$	2,454,088	\$	146	\$	1,125,736		8,093,791	\$	-
Receivables		0.705.000								
Property taxes		2,725,086		-		-		-		-
Special assessment - tax roll		-		-		-		-		-
Special assessment Accrued interest		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts		-		- 75		107,628		13,950		-
Loans and notes		-		13		107,020		13,930		-
Prepaid expenses		_		_		_		_		_
Due from other funds		_		_		_		374,876		_
Due from other governments		_		_		_		-		852,587
Advances to component unit		_		_		_		120,000		-
Advances to other funds		_		_		_		-		_
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,179,174	\$	221	\$	1,233,364	\$	8,602,617	\$	852,587
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	391,393	\$	-	\$	85,777	\$	668,636	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		3,254		-		-		747		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		13,950		852,587
Due to other governments	_	<u>-</u>	_				_			
Total Liabilities		394,647	-	<u>-</u>	_	85,777	_	683,333	_	852,587
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenues		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned property tax revenue		2,725,086	_	-						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	2,725,086		<u>-</u>	_					
Fund Balances (Deficits)										
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_		_
Restricted		-		-		-		-		_
Committed		2,059,441		221		1,147,587		7,919,284		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)							_			
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	2,059,441	_	221		1,147,587	_	7,919,284		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED										
INFLOW OF RESOURCES,										
AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	5,179,174	\$	221	\$	1,233,364	\$	8,602,617	\$	852,587

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET As of December 31, 2024

	Capital F	Projects Funds			Permanent Fund	Total
General	-	Intergovernmental		.		Nonmajor
Obligation	Equipment	Revenue		Equipment	Endowment	Governmental
Bond Projects	Replacement	Sharing		Leasing	Fund	Funds
•						
12,792,502	\$ 1,715,682	\$ 5,336,987	\$	480,191	2,293,522	\$ 46,849,865
-	-	-		-	-	8,040,843
-	-	-		-	-	454,956
-	-	-		-	-	2,030,672
-	-	-		-	-	245,922
-	-	-		26,880	-	317,012 5,794,791
-	_	-		_	-	448,676
_	_	_		_	_	374,876
397,725	_	_		_	_	6,128,878
-	_	220,832		-	-	480,832
-	-	15,432,378		-	-	15,432,378
\$ 13,190,227	\$ 1,715,682	\$ 20,990,197	\$	507,071	\$ 2,293,522	\$ 86,599,701
1,467,126	\$ 188,403	\$ 67,796	\$	-	\$ 807	\$ 3,855,377
19,815	-	-		-	7,698	545,707 5,555,827
-	-	-		-	7,000	96,639
1,486,941	188,403	67,796			8,505	10,053,550
1,100,011	100,100	01,100			0,000	10,000,000
-	-	-		-	-	7,825,463
-	-	-		-	-	790,470
			_			8,495,799
- <u>-</u>		-	_			17,111,732
-	-	-		-		448,676
11 702 000	1 507 070	20,922,401		E07.074	2,285,017	31,437,981
11,703,286	1,527,279	-		507,071	-	28,156,815
-	-	-		-	-	20,047 (629,100
11,703,286	1,527,279	20,922,401		507,071	2,285,017	59,434,419
11,700,200	1,021,219	20,322,401	_	307,071	2,200,017	
\$ 13,190,227	\$ 1,715,682	\$ 20,990,197	\$	507,071	\$ 2,293,522	\$ 86,599,701

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Special Reven	ue Funds	
	HUD Grants	State Grants	Other Agency Grants	Federal Grants
REVENUES		_		
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special charges and assessments Intergovernmental	- 1,889,760	5,304,739	-	- 4,172,920
Licenses and permits	1,009,700	5,304,739	_	4,172,920
Fines and Forfeitures	-	_	_	_
Charges for services	-	-	-	9,526
Miscellaneous and investment income	153,511	-	8,620	-
Total Revenues	2,043,271	5,304,739	8,620	4,182,446
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government	-	-	8,620	-
Health	-	1,057,789	-	1,428,487
Public safety	-	2,872,297	-	950,856
Public works	-	627,625	-	-
Education and recreation	4 470 055	-	-	-
Community development Debt Service - interest and fiscal charges	1,179,255	-	-	607,757
Capital outlay	272,518	787,506	_	1,164,648
Total Expenditures	1,451,773	5,345,217	8,620	4,151,748
Total Experiultures	1,431,773	3,343,217	0,020	4,131,740
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	591,498	(40,478)		30,698
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Long-term debt issued	-	-	-	-
Premium on long-term debt	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	- (400,000)	40,478	-	-
Transfers out	(420,633)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(420,633)	40,478		
Net Change in Fund Balances	170,865	-	-	30,698
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year	345,714	980		607,110
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR	\$ 516,579	\$ 980	\$ -	\$ 637,808

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Special Revenue Funds Special Municipal Loans Assessments Restricted Trusts Library Recycling **EMS** Court \$ \$ 2,257,319 \$ 228,580 718,742 93,803 2,126,211 314,665 11,502 308,155 157,641 234,006 2,326,118 308,372 43,955 3,893,699 77,534 104,543 99,497 8,041 406,094 243,950 113,435 311,540 823,285 243,950 4,540,920 2,740,280 3,893,699 1,127,934 394,262 803 236,468 3,052,994 392,456 42,535 2,493,223 80,657 291,938 4,205,853 257,106 17,983 169,020 23,925 257,106 758,747 80,657 4,229,778 2,493,223 3,052,994 392,456 54,434 823,285 369,187 163,293 311,142 247,057 840,705 1,806 150,000 (152,577)(1,190,374)(49,128)150,000 (1,190,374)(152,577)(49,128)840,705 1,806 (98,143)(367,089)369,187 114,165 461,142 247,057 2,917,777 186,665 1,702,105 1,803,289 370,181 754,265 13,778

831,323 \$ 1,001,322

840,705

15,584

(180,424) \$ 2,071,292 \$ 1,917,454

\$ 2,819,634

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

				Spec	ial Revenue Fu	nds			
				•	Sanitary				
			Priv	ate Property	Sewer	He	alth		Room
	Ce	metery		aintenance ´	Maintenance	L	ab		Tax
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	164,313	\$	168,526	\$ -	\$	-	\$	779,861
Special charges and assessments		-		-	-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		- -	-		-		-
Licenses and permits		-		197,400	-		-		-
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-	-		-		-
Charges for services		383,056		234,971	2,609,035		-		-
Miscellaneous and investment income		20,467		25,211	152,816				62,662
Total Revenues		567,836		626,108	2,761,851		<u>-</u>	_	842,523
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General Government		-		-	-		-		-
Health		-		-	-		-		-
Public safety		-		-	-		-		-
Public works		-		-	1,139,048		-		-
Education and recreation		686,534		-	-		-		-
Community development		-		1,150,745	-		-		444,914
Debt Service - interest and fiscal charges		-		-	-		-		-
Capital outlay		_		<u>-</u>	792,738				_
Total Expenditures		686,534		1,150,745	1,931,786			_	444,914
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	,	(118,698)		(524,637)	830,065				397,609
over experiorities		(110,090)		(324,037)	030,003				391,009
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Long-term debt issued		-		-	-		-		-
Premium on long-term debt		-		-	-		-		-
Transfers in		-		396,713	-		-		-
Transfers out				<u>-</u>	(201,925)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				396,713	(201,925)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	((118,698)		(127,924)	628,140		-		397,609
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year		353,040		784,157	1,431,301		221		749,978
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR	\$	234,342	\$	656,233	\$ 2,059,441	\$	221	\$	1,147,587

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Capital Pro	sign Funds	
		Capital Pro	General	
	City Projects	Capital Grants	Obligation Bond Projects	Equipment Replacement
	_			
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	- 111,225	683,658	397,725	-
	111,223	003,030	391,123	_
	- -	- -	- -	- -
	3,552,117	_	-	_
	60,683	-	428,450	69,894
	3,724,025	683,658	826,175	69,894
	-	-	28,083	-
	_	-	20,003	_
	697,195	_	768,117	_
	-	_	95,164	-
	-	-	-	-
	875,795	-	224,259	-
	2,603,279	933,658	10,840,916	2,975,127
	4,176,269	 933,658	11,956,539	2,975,127
	(452,244)	(250,000)	(11,130,364)	(2,905,233)
			10.000.000	4.405.000
	-	-	12,330,000	4,195,000
	2,017,299	250,000	685,846	-
	2,017,299	230,000	(1,596,158)	(1,377,975)
_	2,017,299	 250,000	11,419,688	2,817,025
	2,017,233	 230,000	11,419,000	2,017,020
	1,565,055	_	289,324	(88,208)
	., ,			(55,250)
_	6,354,229	 	11,413,962	1,615,487
\$	7,919,284	\$ 	\$ 11,703,286	\$ 1,527,279

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Capital F Fui	-	Permanent Fund	Total
	Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing	Equipment Leasing	Endowment Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES	Orianing	Leasing	- I dild	T unus
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,598,607
Special charges and assessments	φ -	φ -	φ -	718,742
Intergovernmental	2,465,429	-	-	17,560,135
Licenses and permits	2,400,420	_	_	208,902
Fines and Forfeitures	_	_	_	465,796
Charges for services	_	_	_	13,594,855
Miscellaneous and investment income	764,684	362,369	200,601	3,363,062
Total Revenues	3,230,113	362,369	200,601	39,510,099
Total Revenues	3,230,113	302,309	200,001	39,510,099
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government	_	52,965	_	61,585
Health	_	02,000	_	2,515,162
Public safety	_	273,222	_	7,778,293
Public works	_	210,222	_	5,767,743
Education and recreation	_	_	82,386	5,442,532
Community development	212,015	_	02,000	3,869,775
Debt Service - interest and fiscal charges	212,013	_	_	1,100,054
Capital outlay	_	_	23,381	20,586,716
Total Expenditures	212,015	326,187	105,767	47,121,860
rotal Experiolities	212,013	320,107	105,767	47,121,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	3,018,098	36,182	94,834	(7,611,761)
·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Long-term debt issued	-	-	-	16,525,000
Premium on long-term debt	-	-	-	685,846
Transfers in	-	-	49,128	2,903,618
Transfers out	-	-	-	(4,988,770)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		49,128	15,125,694
3 (,				· · ·
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,018,098	36,182	143,962	7,513,933
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year	17,904,303	470,889	2,141,055	51,920,486
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR	\$ 20,922,401	\$ 507,071	\$ 2,285,017	\$ 59,434,419

Special Revenue Funds

			Lib	rary	
		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$, - ,-			
Intergovernmental		2,113,603	2,113,603	2,126,211	12,608
Licenses and permits		-	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures		12 000	12 000	42.0FF	20.055
Charges for services Miscellaneous and investment income		13,000 10,500	13,000 10,500	43,955 113,435	30,955 102,935
Total Revenues	_	4,394,420	4,394,420	4,540,920	146,500
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government		-	-	-	-
Health		-	-	-	-
Public safety		-	-	-	-
Public works		-	-	-	-
Education and recreation		4,561,920	4,561,920	4,205,853	356,067
Community development		-	-	-	-
Capital outlay		32,500	32,500	23,925	8,575
Total Expenditures		4,594,420	4,594,420	4,229,778	364,642
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	_	(200,000)	(200,000)	311,142	511,142
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		150,000	150,000	150,000	_
Transfers out		130,000	130,000	130,000	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		150,000	150,000	150,000	
• , ,			·	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	(50,000)	\$ (50,000)	461,142	\$ 511,142
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year				370,181	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR				\$ 831,323	

Special Revenue Funds

		EMS	E						ing	clir	Recyc		
Variance with Final Budget	Actual		Final Budget		Original Budget		Variance with Final Budget		Actual		Final Budget		Original Budget
\$ - -	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	\$ - (335)		\$ - 314,665		\$ - 315,000		\$ - 315,000
- 1,093,699 -	3,893,699		2,800,000		2,800,000		27,308 69,497		2,326,118 99,497		2,298,810 30,000		2,298,810 30,000
1,093,699	3,893,699		2,800,000	_	2,800,000		96,470	-	2,740,280		2,643,810		2,643,810
-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
(252,994	3,052,994		2,800,000		2,800,000		-		_		-		-
(202,004	-		-		-		213,663		2,493,223		2,706,886		2,643,810
-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
(252,994	3,052,994		2,800,000	_	2,800,000	_	213,663	-	2,493,223		2,706,886	•	2,643,810
840,705	840,705						310,133		247,057) .	(63,076)	,	
- -	- -		<u>-</u>	_	- -	_	<u>-</u>	_			<u> </u>		- -
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	-	_		-					<u>-</u>
\$ 840,705	840,705			\$		\$	\$ 310,133	9	247,057)	\$ (63,076)		\$ -
									754,265				
	840,705	\$							\$ 1,001,322				

Special Revenue Funds

		Municip	al Court			Ce	metery	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 228,580	\$ 228,580	\$ 228,580	\$ -	\$ 164,31	3 \$ 164,313	\$ 164,313	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-			-	-
Licenses and permits Fines and Forfeitures	150,000	150,000	157 641	7.641			-	-
Charges for services	150,000	150,000	157,641	7,641	450,00	0 450,000	383,056	(66,944)
152816	-	_	8,041	8,041	450,00	450,000	20,467	20,467
Total Revenues	378,580	378,580	394,262	15,682	614,31	3 614,313	567,836	(46,477)
Total Nevertues	370,300	370,300	394,202	13,002	014,31	014,313	307,830	(40,477)
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government	_	_	-	_			_	_
Health	-	-	-	_			-	-
Public safety	378,580	378,580	392,456	(13,876)			-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-			-	-
Education and recreation	-	-	-	-	714,31	3 769,637	686,534	83,103
Community development	-	-	-	-			-	-
Capital outlay						<u>- </u>		
Total Expenditures	378,580	378,580	392,456	(13,876)	714,31	769,637	686,534	83,103
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures			1,806	1,806	(100,00	0) (155,324)	(118,698)	36,626
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in	-	-	-	-			-	-
Transfers out						<u>- </u>		
Total Other Financing Sources						<u> </u>		
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ -</u>	1,806	\$ 1,806	\$ (100,00	0) \$ (155,324)	(118,698)	\$ 36,626
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year			13,778				353,040	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR			\$ 15,584				\$ 234,342	

Special Revenue Funds

		Pri	vate Property	Mair	ntenance				5	Sanitary Sew	er N	1aintenance		
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	iance with al Budget		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget
\$	168,450	\$	168,450	\$	168,526	\$ 76	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	250,000		250,000		197,400	(52,600)		-		-		-		-
	268,404		268,404 -		234,971 25,211	- (33,433) 25,211		2,600,733		2,600,733		2,609,035 152,816		- 8,302 152,816
	686,854		686,854		626,108	 (60,746)	_	2,600,733	_	2,600,733	_	2,761,851	_	161,118
	-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
	_		-		_	-		_		_		-		_
	-		-		-	-		1,286,560		1,314,969		1,139,048		175,921
	- 1,236,854		1,254,854		1,150,745	104,109		-		-		-		-
	-		-			 -	_	1,350,000	_	1,465,294		792,738		672,556
_	1,236,854	_	1,254,854		1,150,745	 104,109	_	2,636,560	_	2,780,263	_	1,931,786	_	848,477
	(550,000)		(568,000)		(524,637)	 43,363		(35,827)	_	(179,530)		830,065		1,009,595
	550,000		550,000		396,713	(153,287)		-		-		- (224.225)		-
_	-		-			 (450,007)	_		_		_	(201,925)	_	(201,925)
_	550,000		550,000		396,713	 (153,287)	_		_		_	(201,925)	_	(201,925)
\$		\$	(18,000)		(127,924)	\$ (109,924)	\$	(35,827)	\$	(179,530)		628,140	\$	807,670
				-	784,157							1,431,301		
				\$	656,233						\$	2,059,441		

Special Revenue Funds

			Healtl	h Lab			Ro	om T	ax		
	Original Fina Budg	al	Actı	ual	nce with Budget	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		riance with
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 515,000	\$ 515,000	\$	779,861	\$	264,861
Intergovernmental		-		-	-	-	-		-		
Licenses and permits		-		-	-	-	-		-		-
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-	-	-	-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-	-	-	-		-		
Miscellaneous					 	21,000	21,000		62,662		41,662
Total Revenues					 	536,000	536,000	_	842,523	_	306,523
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
General Government		-		-	-	-	-		-		
Health		-		-	-	-	-		-		
Public safety		-		-	-	-	-		-		
Public works		-		-	-	-	-		-		
Education and recreation		-		-	-	-	-		-		
Community development		-		-	-	536,000	536,000		444,914		91,086
Capital outlay					 						
Total Expenditures					 	536,000	536,000		444,914	_	91,086
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over expenditures					 				397,609		397,609
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES											
Transfers in		_		_	_	_	_		_		
Transfers out		_		-	-	_	-		-		
Total Other Financing Sources											
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$			-	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -		397,609	\$	397,609
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year				221					749,978		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR			\$	221				\$	1,147,587		

Debt Service Fund

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 19,475,474	\$ 19,475,474	\$ -
Total Revenues	19,475,474	19,475,474	
EXPENDITURES			
Debt service			
Principal	16,650,000	16,620,000	30,000
Interest and fiscal charges	3,641,004	3,428,416	212,588
Total Expenditures	20,291,004	20,048,416	242,588
Deficiency of revenues			
over expenditures	(815,530)	(572,942)	242,588
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	815,530	719,925	(95,605)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	815,530	719,925	(95,605)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ -	146,983	\$ 146,983
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year		617,574	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR		\$ 764,557	

Capital Project Funds

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		General Obligat	ion Bond Projects	
	Original Budge	t Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental			397,725	397,725
Charges for services			-	-
Miscellaneous		<u>-</u>	428,450	428,450
Total Revenues	-	<u>-</u>	826,175	826,175
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General administration			-	-
Health			28,083	(28,083)
Public safety			-	-
Public works	732,63			(35,484)
Education and recreation	94,74	2 94,742	95,164	(422)
Community development			-	-
Debt service - interest and fiscal charges			224,259	(224,259)
Capital outlay	9,522,90	19,684,282	10,840,916	8,843,366
Total Expenditures	10,350,27	<u>'5</u> <u>20,511,657</u>	11,956,539	8,555,118
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(10,350,27	<u>(20,511,657</u>)(11,130,364)	9,381,293
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Long-term debt issued	12,329,52	25 12,329,525	12,330,000	475
Premium on long-term debt			685,846	685,846
Transfers in			-	-
Transfers out	(1,979,25	(3,018,200) (1,596,158)	1,422,042
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,350,27	9,311,325	11,419,688	2,108,363
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	- \$ (11,200,332) 289,324	\$ 11,489,656
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year			11,413,962	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR			\$ 11,703,286	

Capital Project Funds

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	E	Equipment Repla	cement Fund		In	tergovernmenta	al Revenue Shar	aring				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget				
REVENUES												
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Intergovernmental	· -	-	· -	· -	2,465,429	2,465,429	2,465,429	· -				
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	· · · -	-	-	-				
Miscellaneous	69,000	69,000	69,894	894	180,000	180,000	764,684	584,684				
Total Revenues	69,000	69,000	69,894	894	2,645,429	2,645,429	3,230,113	584,684				
EXPENDITURES												
Current												
General administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Education and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Community development	-	-	-	-	2,645,429	2,714,351	212,015	2,502,336				
Debt service - interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Capital outlay	2,883,100	4,463,323	2,975,127	1,488,196								
Total Expenditures	2,883,100	4,463,323	2,975,127	1,488,196	2,645,429	2,714,351	212,015	2,502,336				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over expenditures	(2,814,100)	(4,394,323)	(2,905,233)	1,489,090		(68,922)	3,018,098	3,087,020				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Long-term debt issued	4,192,075	4,192,075	4,195,000	2,925	-	-	-	-				
Premium on long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Transfers out	(1,377,975)	(1,377,975)	(1,377,975)									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,814,100	2,814,100	2,817,025	2,925								
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ (1,580,223)	(88,208)	\$ 1,492,015	\$ -	\$ (68,922)	3,018,098	\$ 3,087,020				
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year			1,615,487				17,904,303					
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR			\$1,527,279				\$ 20,922,401					

Capital Project Funds

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Equipmen	it Leasing	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ -	- \$	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Charges for services		· -		-
Miscellaneous	200,000		362,369	162,369
Total Revenues	200,000	200,000	362,369	162,369
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General administration	48,000	48,000	52,965	(4,965)
Health	-	-	-	-
Public safety	138,456	138,456	273,222	(134,766)
Public works	-	-	-	-
Education and recreation	13,544	13,544	-	13,544
Community development		-	-	-
Debt service - interest and fiscal charges		-	-	-
Capital outlay				
Total Expenditures	200,000	200,000	326,187	(126,187)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures			36,182	36,182
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Long-term debt issued	-	-	-	-
Premium on long-term debt	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				_
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ -	36,182	\$ 36,182
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year			470,889	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR			\$ 507,071	

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2024

	Parking Utility		Golf Courses		Civic Centre		Radio Repair		Total
ASSETS									
Current Assets									
Cash and investments	\$ 91,460	\$	3,746	\$	39,230	\$	314,491	\$	448,927
Receivables									
Accounts	1,280		-		-		23,069		24,349
Taxes	9,210	<u> </u>			299,000				308,210
Total Current Assets	101,950	<u> </u>	3,746	_	338,230	_	337,560	_	781,486
Noncurrent Assets									
Capital assets									
Land	1,014,105	5	1,432,654		140,421		15,000		2,602,180
Land and building improvements	18,552,462	<u>-</u>	3,178,439		9,273,082		189,159		31,193,142
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	677,290)	-		502,628		12,913		1,192,831
Less: accumulated depreciation	(12,776,839	9) _	(2,776,775)		(7,877,025)		(167,680)		(23,598,319)
Total Capital Assets, Net	7,467,018	<u> </u>	1,834,318		2,039,106		49,392		11,389,834
Total Assets	7,568,968	<u> </u>	1,838,064	_	2,377,336	_	386,952		12,171,320
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Deferred amounts relating to pension			-		-		48,284		48,284
Deferred amounts relating to OPEB		-	-		-		49,223		49,223
Deferred amounts relating to life insurance							2,920		2,920
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources					_		100,427		100,427

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2024

	Parking Utility	Golf Courses	Civic Centre	Radio Repair	Total
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 41,43	2 \$ -	\$ 25,357	\$ 2,792	\$ 69,581
Accrued liabilities		- 5,000		2,803	13,319
Due to other funds		<u> </u>	279,077		279,077
Total Current Liabilities	41,43	2 5,000	309,950	5,595	361,977
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Net pension liability			-	5,915	5,915
Life insurance liability			-	3,356	3,356
OPEB obligation			-	818,846	818,846
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		<u> </u>		828,117	828,117
Total Liabilities	41,43	2 5,000	309,950	833,712	1,190,094
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amounts relating to pension			-	43,424	43,424
Deferred amounts relating to OPEB			_	126,715	126,715
Deferred amounts relating to life insurance			_	2,450	2,450
Unearned property tax revenue	9,21	0 -	299,000	<u>-</u>	308,210
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,21	0 -	299,000	172,589	480,799
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in capital assets	7,467,01				11,389,834
Unrestricted (deficit)	51,30	8 (1,254	(270,720)	(568,314)	(788,980)
TOTAL NET POSITION (Deficit)	\$ 7,518,32	<u>6</u> \$ 1,833,064	\$ 1,768,386	\$ (518,922)	\$ 10,600,854

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSTION For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Parking Utility	Golf Courses	Civic Centre	Radio Repair	Total
OPERATING REVENUES					·	
Charges for services Other	\$	1,124,405 482	\$ - -	\$ - 284,302	\$ 84,232	\$ 1,208,637 284,784
Total Operating Revenues		1,124,887		284,302	84,232	1,493,421
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Public Works		983,735	-	-	195,041	1,178,776
Education and recreation		-	-	833,649	-	833,649
Depreciation		506,019	48,537	274,469	5,984	835,009
Total Operating Expenses		1,489,754	48,537	1,108,118	201,025	2,847,434
Operating (Loss) Income	_	(364,867)	(48,537)	(823,816)	(116,793)	(1,354,013)
NONOPERATING REVENUES						
Investment income		4,280	162	-	17,423	21,865
Tax levy	. <u></u>	9,210		299,000		308,210
Total Nonoperating Revenues		13,490	162	299,000	17,423	330,075
Loss Before Transfers		(351,377)	(48,375)	(524,816)	(99,370)	(1,023,938)
TRANSFERS IN				200,000		200,000
Change in Net Position		(351,377)	(48,375)	(324,816)	(99,370)	(823,938)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT), Beginning of Year		7,869,703	1,881,439	2,093,202	(419,552)	11,424,792
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$	7,518,326	\$ 1,833,064	\$ 1,768,386	\$ (518,922)	\$ 10,600,854

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	 Parking Utility	_	Golf Courses		Civic Centre		Radio Repair		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 1,123,607	\$	-	\$	432,028	\$	68,709	\$	1,624,344
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	 (1,060,014) 38,021		- -		(1,048,172)		(113,874) (113,984)		(2,222,060) (75,963)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	 101,614	_		_	(616,144)		(159,149)		(673,679)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Operating subsidies received-tax levy	 9,210	_		_	299,000				308,210
Net Cash Flows From Noncapital									
Financing Activities	 9,210		<u>-</u>	_	299,000	_		_	308,210
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED									
FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Transfer from other funds for capital purposes Acquisition and construction of capital assets	- (96,347)		-		200,000 (100,836)		-		200,000 (197,183)
Net Cash Flows From Capital	 _								_
and Related Financing Activities	 (96,347)				99,164	_		_	2,817
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES									
Investment Income (loss)	4,280		162		-		17,423		21,865
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities	 4,280	_	162	_			17,423		21,865
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	18,757		162		(217,980)		(141,726)		(340,787)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	 72,703		3,584		257,210		456,217		789,714
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 91,460	\$	3,746	\$	39,230	\$	314,491	\$	448,927

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Parking Utility			Golf Courses		Civic Centre	Radio Repair		Totals	<u> </u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Operating loss provided	\$	(364,867)	\$	(48,537)	\$	(823,816)	\$	(116,793) \$	(1,354	1.013)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss	*	(001,001)	•	(12,221)	•	(===,===)	•	(112,122)	(1,00	,,
to net cash flows from operating activities:										
Other postemployment benefits		(21,819)		-		-		(34,079)	(55	5,898)
Depreciation		506,019		48,537		274,469		5,984	835	5,009
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities,										
and deferred inflows										
Accounts receivable		(1,279)		-		147,725		(15,523)	130),923
Inventories		-		-		21,141		-	21	1,141
Accounts payable		(16,440)		-		(70,597)		97	(86	3,940)
Accrued liabilities		-		-		(79,577)		1,165	(78	3,412)
Due to other funds				<u> </u>		(85,489)		<u> </u>	(85	,489)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	101,614	\$	_	\$	(616,144)	\$	(159,149) \$	(673	3,679)

NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

None

Internal Service Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2024

ASSETS	Ma	quipment aintenance Garage		nformation Systems		iilding mplex	Health Insurance	Telephone	s	 Total
Current Assets										
Cash and investments	\$	287,971	\$	595,504	\$	327,349	\$ 12,551,338	\$	_	\$ 13,762,162
Receivables		,	·	•	•	•	, , ,			, ,
Accounts		20,719		5,360		84,840	320,108		-	431,027
Inventories		523,994		-		-	-		-	523,994
Due from other funds		6,710		2,793				-	_	9,503
Total Current Assets		839,394		603,657		412,189	12,871,446		<u>-</u>	 14,726,686
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets										
Land		32,879		-		-	-		-	32,879
Intangible assets		-		3,793,875		-	-		-	3,793,875
Buildings and land improvements		1,954,301		-		-	-		-	1,954,301
Equipment, furniture and vehicles		497,368		3,231,928		261,429	-		-	3,990,725
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(2,043,280)	_	(5,109,952)	(<u> 261,429</u>)			_	 (7,414,661)
Total Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization)		441,268	_	1,915,851		<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>	 2,357,119
Total Assets		1,280,662		2,519,508		412,189	12,871,446		_	 17,083,805
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Deferred amounts relating to pension		1,084,424		494,090		657,408	-		-	2,235,922
Deferred amounts relating to life insurance		20,485		9,991		12,875			_	43,351
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,104,909		504,081		670,283			_	 2,279,273

Internal Service Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2024

	Equipment Maintenance Garage	Information Systems	Building Complex	Health Insurance	Telephones	Total
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 9,386	\$ 474,146	\$ 52,051	\$ 269,083	\$ -	\$ 804,666
Accrued liabilities	52,630	38,673	47,651	1,208,187	-	1,347,141
Due to other funds	<u>-</u> _		11,127			11,127
Total Current Liabilities	62,016	512,819	110,829	1,477,270		2,162,934
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Life insurance liability	51,229	25,950	31,767	-	-	108,946
Net pension liability	96,278	49,257	60,059	-	-	205,594
Compensated absences	156,678	97,158	132,271		<u>-</u>	386,107
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	304,185	172,365	224,097			700,647
Total Liabilities	366,201	685,184	334,926	1,477,270		2,863,581
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred amounts relating to pension	631,171	307,150	393,447	-	-	1,331,768
Deferred amounts relating to life insurance	31,563	15,812	19,739			67,114
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	662,734	322,962	413,186			1,398,882
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	441,268	1,915,851	-	-	-	2,357,119
Unrestricted	915,368	99,592	334,360	11,394,176	<u>-</u> _	12,743,496
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,356,636	\$ 2,015,443	\$ 334,360	\$ 11,394,176	\$ -	\$ 15,100,615

Internal Service Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the year ended December 31, 2024

	Equipment Maintenance Garage	Information Systems	Building Complex	Health Insurance	Telephones	Total
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services and sales						
Labor, fuel, parts and equipment charges	\$ 4,870,801	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,870,801
Health insurance premiums	-	-	-	20,319,614	-	20,319,614
Telephone service sales	-	-	-	-	139,154	139,154
Computer service sales	-	3,504,584	-	-	-	3,504,584
Facilities rent			3,730,958		<u>-</u> _	3,730,958
Total Operating Revenues	4,870,801	3,504,584	3,730,958	20,319,614	139,154	32,565,111
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Public Works						
Operating supplies and expenses	4,694,531	_	3,609,417	_	_	8,303,948
General administration						
Telephone expenses	-	_	-	_	16,721	16,721
Health insurance	-	-	-	20,601,807	-	20,601,807
Information systems	-	4,418,824	-	-	-	4,418,824
Depreciation and amortization	37,546	1,230,063	-	-	_	1,267,609
Total Operating Expenses	4,732,077	5,648,887	3,609,417	20,601,807	16,721	34,608,909
Operating (Loss) Income Before Transfers	138,724	(2,144,303)	121,541	(282,193)	122,433	(2,043,798)
TRANSFER IN	-	2,138,521	-	-	-	2,138,521
TRANSFER OUT					(329,311)	(329,311)
Change in Net Position	138,724	(5,782)	121,541	(282,193)	(206,878)	(234,588)
TOTAL NET POSITION, Beginning of Year	1,217,912	2,021,225	212,819	11,676,369	206,878	15,335,203
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,356,636	\$ 2,015,443	\$ 334,360	\$ 11,394,176	\$ -	\$ 15,100,615

Internal Service Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Equipment Maintenance Garage	Information Systems	Building Complex	Health Insurance	Telephones	Total
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 4,885,832	\$ 3,673,431	\$ 3,647,060	\$ 20,939,258	\$ 430,702	\$ 33,576,283
Payments to suppliers	(2,348,839)			(19,101,735)	(101,391)	(26,711,490)
Payments to employees	(2,325,090)	, , ,	(1,433,639)	(1,279,214)	(101,001)	(6,433,083)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	211,903	(755,409)		558,309	329,311	431,710
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfer from (to) other funds for capital purposes Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		2,138,521 (787,608) 1,350,913			(329,311) 	1,809,210 (787,608) 1,021,602
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	211,903	595,504	87,596	558,309	-	1,453,312
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	76,068		239,753	11,993,029		12,308,850
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 287,971	\$ 595,504	\$ 327,349	\$ 12,551,338	\$ -	\$ 13,762,162

Internal Service Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Equipment Maintenance Garage		Information Systems		Building Complex		Health Insurance		Telephones		 Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) INCOME											
TO NET CASH PROVIDED FLOWS FROM											
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:											
Operating (Loss) Income	\$	138,724	\$ (2	2,144,303)	\$	121,541	\$	(282,193)	\$	122,433	\$ (2,043,798)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss) Income to Net Cash											
Flows From Operating Activities											
Other post employment benefits		(70,910)		(44,393)		(44,585)		-		-	(159,888)
Depreciation/Amortization expense		37,546	1	1,230,063		-		-		-	1,267,609
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities,											
and deferred inflows											
Accounts receivable		14,576		171,640		(83,898)		619,644		288,755	1,010,717
Inventories and prepaids		(9,349)		_		-		-		-	(9,349)
Due from other funds		456		(2,793)		-		-		2,793	456
Accounts payable		(31,930)		48,104		(54,260)		100,703		-	62,617
Accrued liabilities		132,790		112,826		144,019		120,155		-	509,790
Due to other funds				(126,553)		4,779				(84,670)	 (206,444)
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	211,903	\$	(755,409)	\$	87,596	\$	558,309	\$	329,311	\$ 431,710

NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

None

Component Unit

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Community Development Authority
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 1,036,000
Payments to suppliers	(2,000,731)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	(964,731)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES ACTIVITIES	
Investment Income	63,353
Net Cash Flows From	
Investing Activities	63,353
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Capital contribution received	215,913
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(387,500)
Net Cash Flows From	
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(171,587)
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,072,965)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	1,823,280
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 750,315

Component Unit

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Community Development Authority	Development	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS			
TO NET CASH PROVIDED FLOWS FROM			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating Loss	\$ (970,4	45 <u>9</u>)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash:			
Changes in assets and liabilities			
Accounts receivable		-	
Customer deposits		-	
Accounts payable	5,7	728	
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (964,7	<u>731</u>)	

NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

None